

# Quality Practices: Meeting and Exceeding Regulatory Expectations

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CPhI North America  
Insight Briefing

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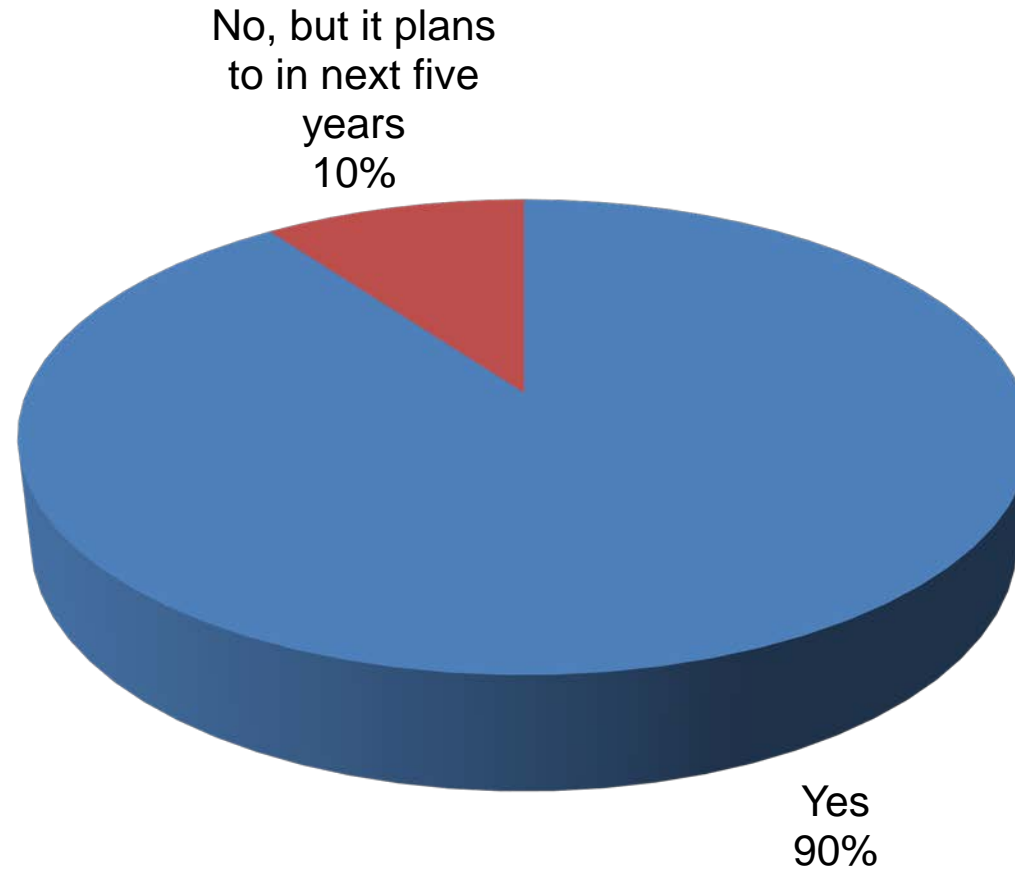
# Goals of Survey

- Assess quality practices in the US bio/pharma market.
- Understand “quality culture” in bio/pharma and contract service sectors.
- Measure perceptions about FDA’s role in ensuring quality of drug products.
- Identify best practices and areas for improvement.

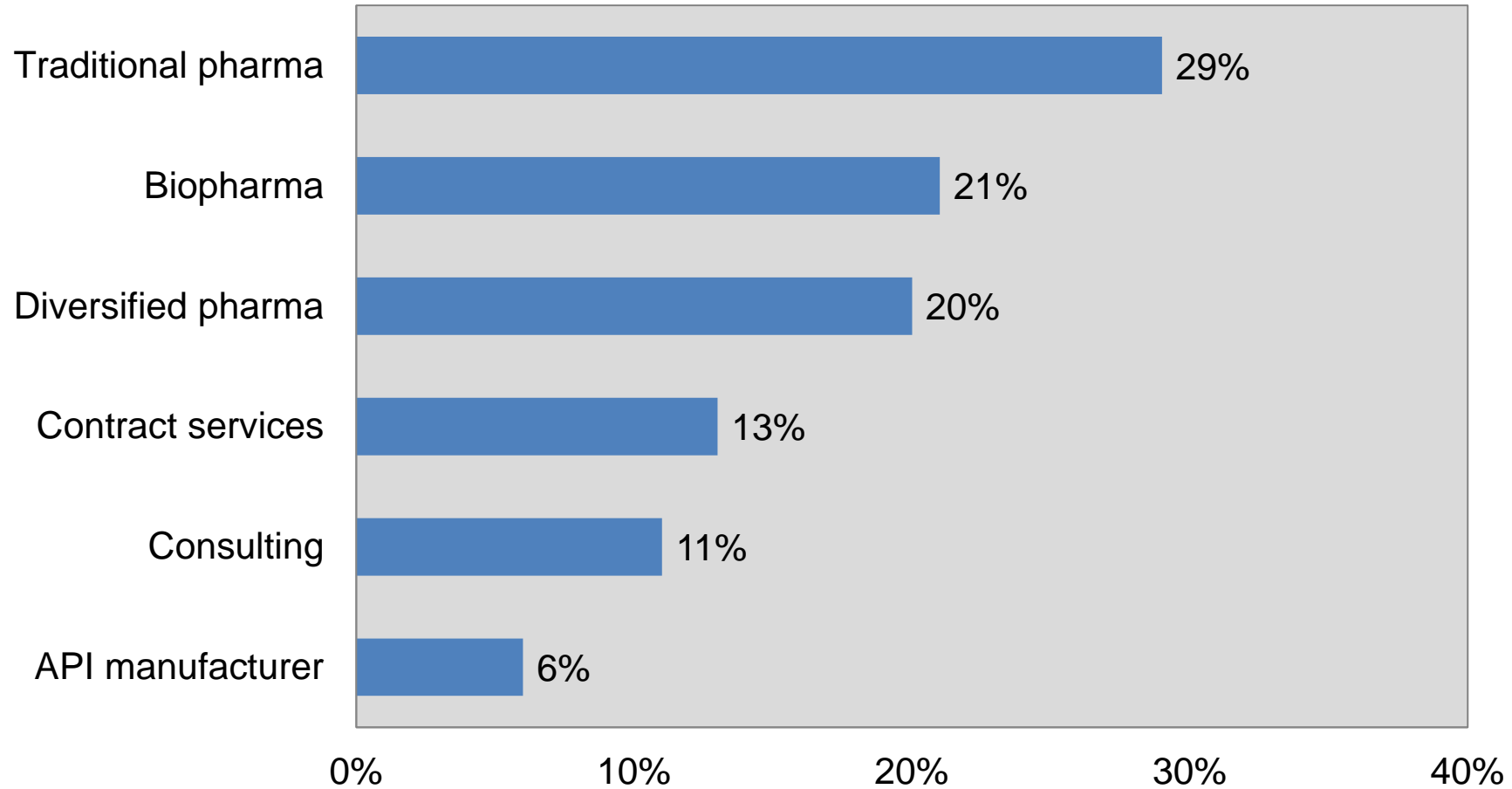
# About this Survey

- US-based readers of *Pharmaceutical Technology* and *BioPharm International*
  - Bio/pharmaceutical development and manufacturing companies
  - Contract service providers
  - API manufacturers
  - Consultants involved in drug development or manufacturing
- Develop or manufacture drugs for the US market
- Confidential online survey conducted February–April 2017
- 116 qualified results

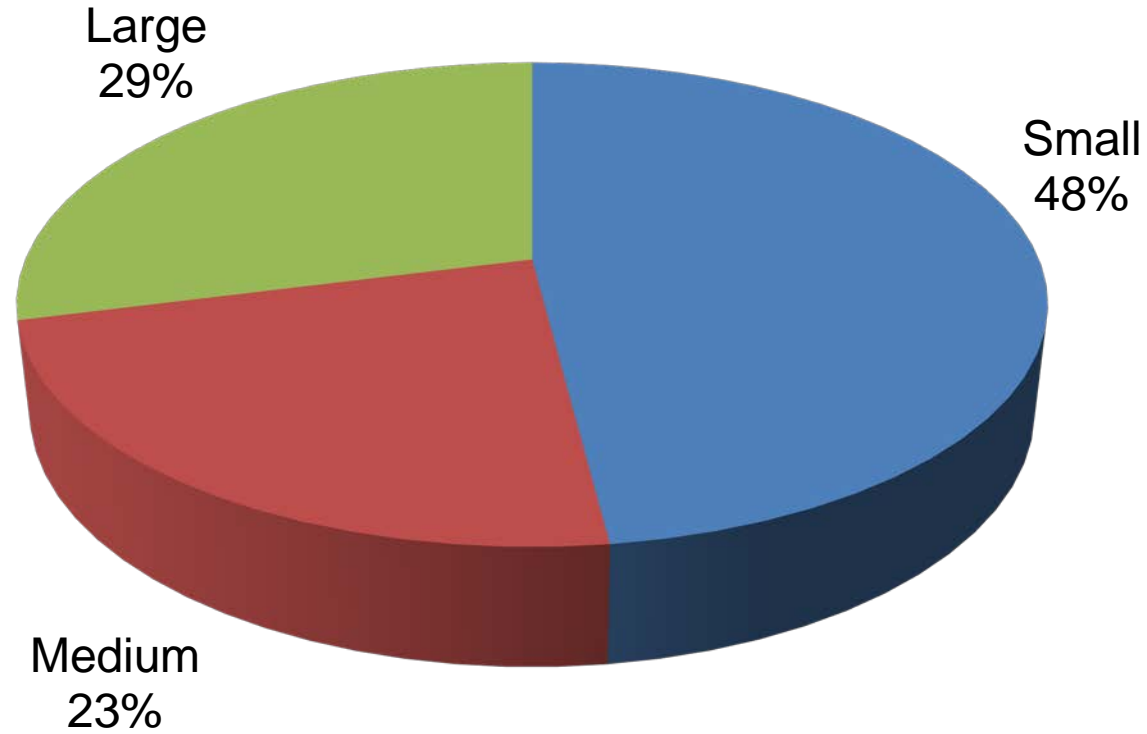
# Does Your Company Develop or Manufacture Drugs for the US Market?



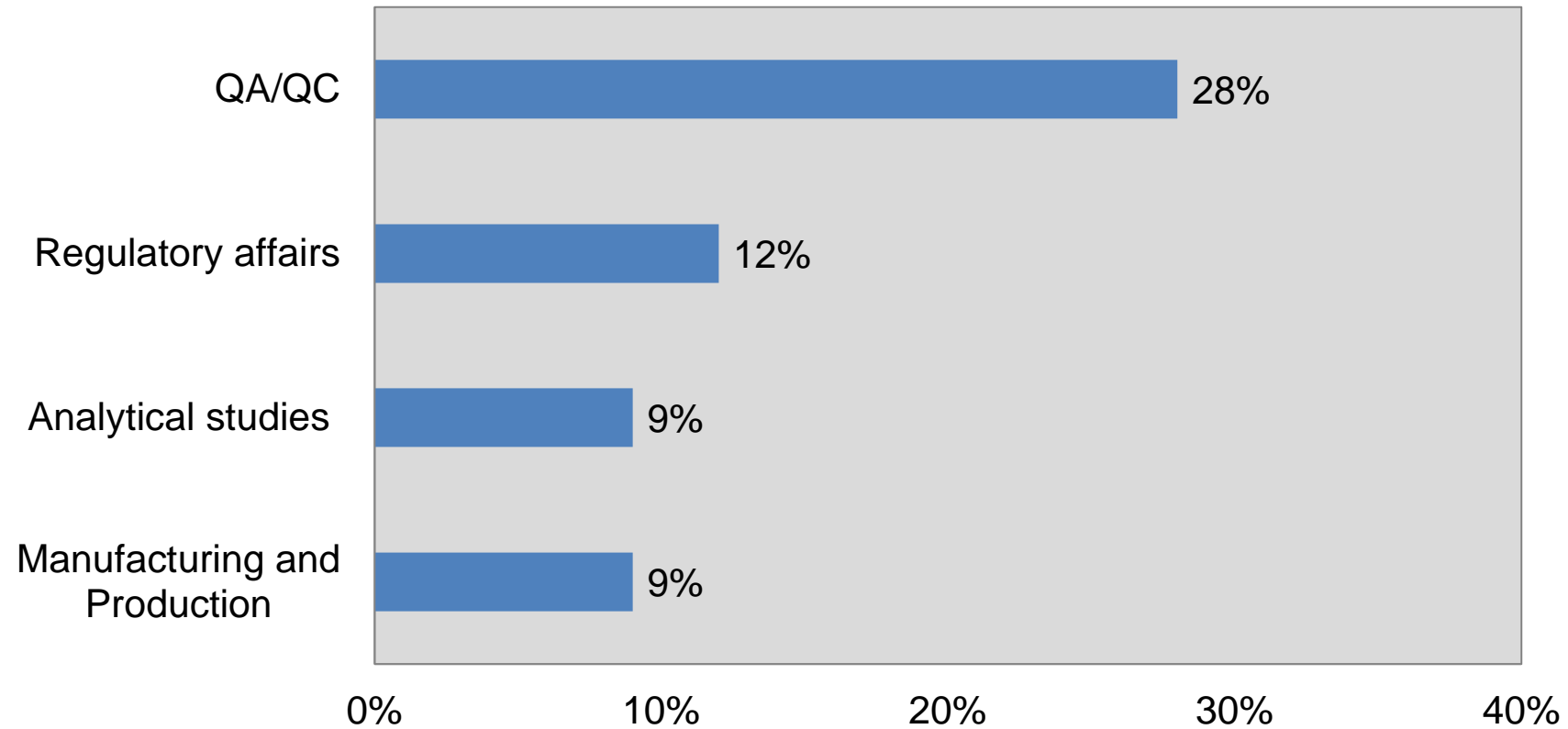
# Type of Organization



# Organization Size



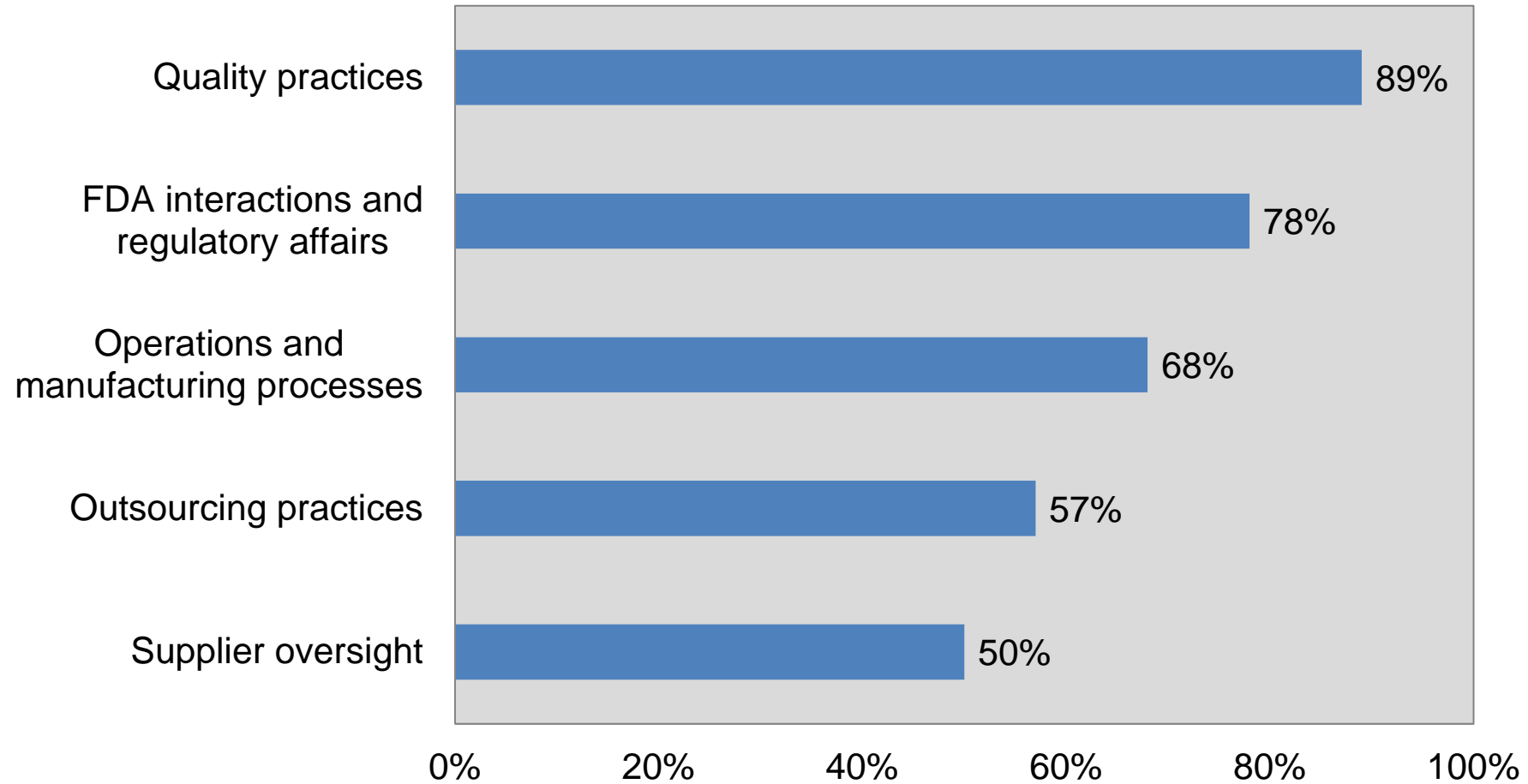
# Primary Responsibility



Other responses cited by 6% or fewer respondents: CMC, R&D, corporate management, process development, and scale-up.



# Quality-Related Areas of Expertise



Multiple responses allowed

# Quality Practices in Organization

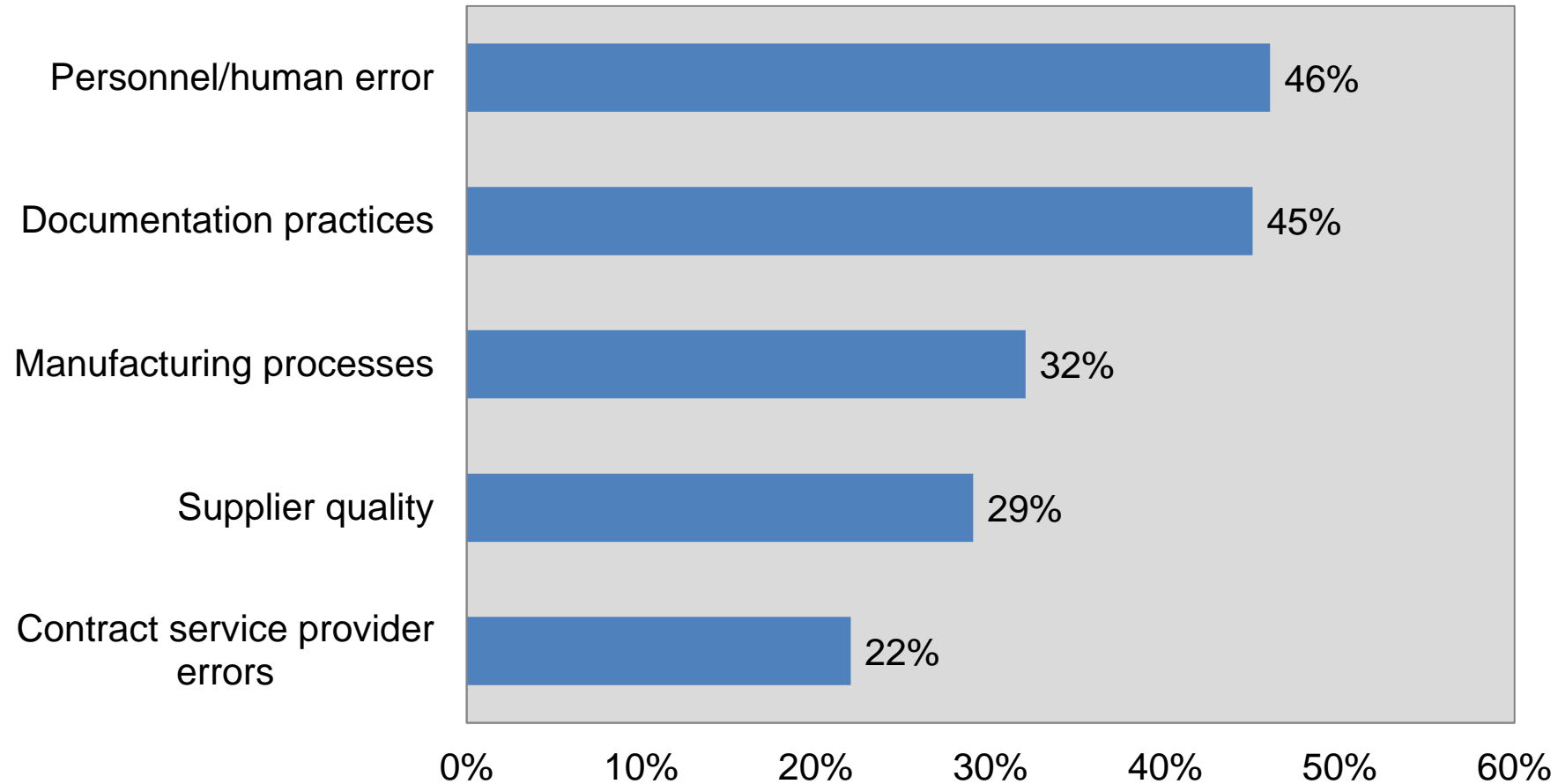
# Industry Quality Concerns

- FDA warning letters more than doubled from 23 in 2012 to 58 in 2016.
  - Adulterated APIs and finished drug products
- Average of 700 Form 483s per year (2012–2016)
- 434 drug recalls in 2012
- 1224 drug recalls in 2016, down from 2028 in 2015

# Adverse Events

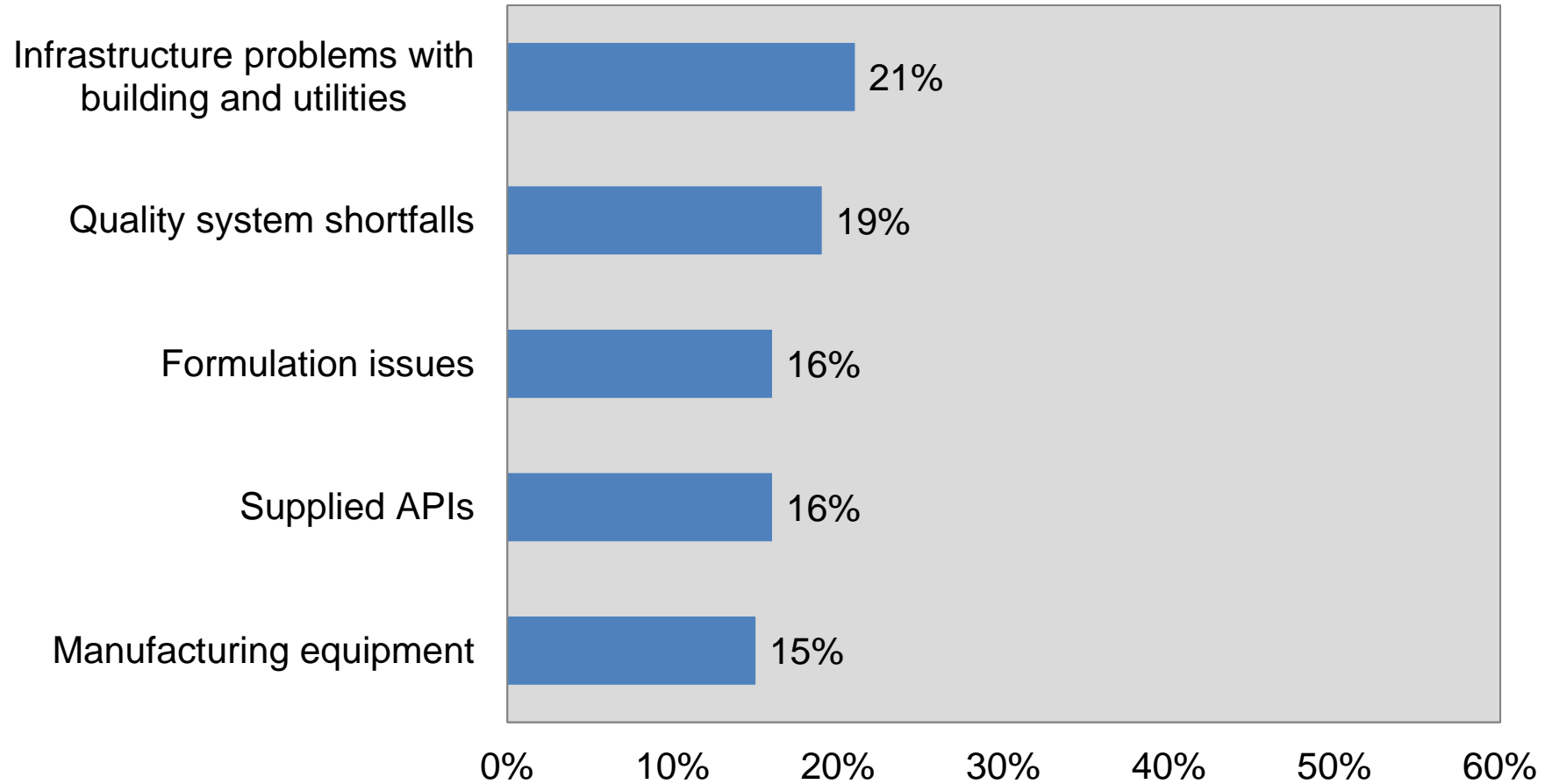
- 30% of survey respondents experienced an adverse quality or regulatory event in the past five years.

# Source of Quality Problems: Top Responses



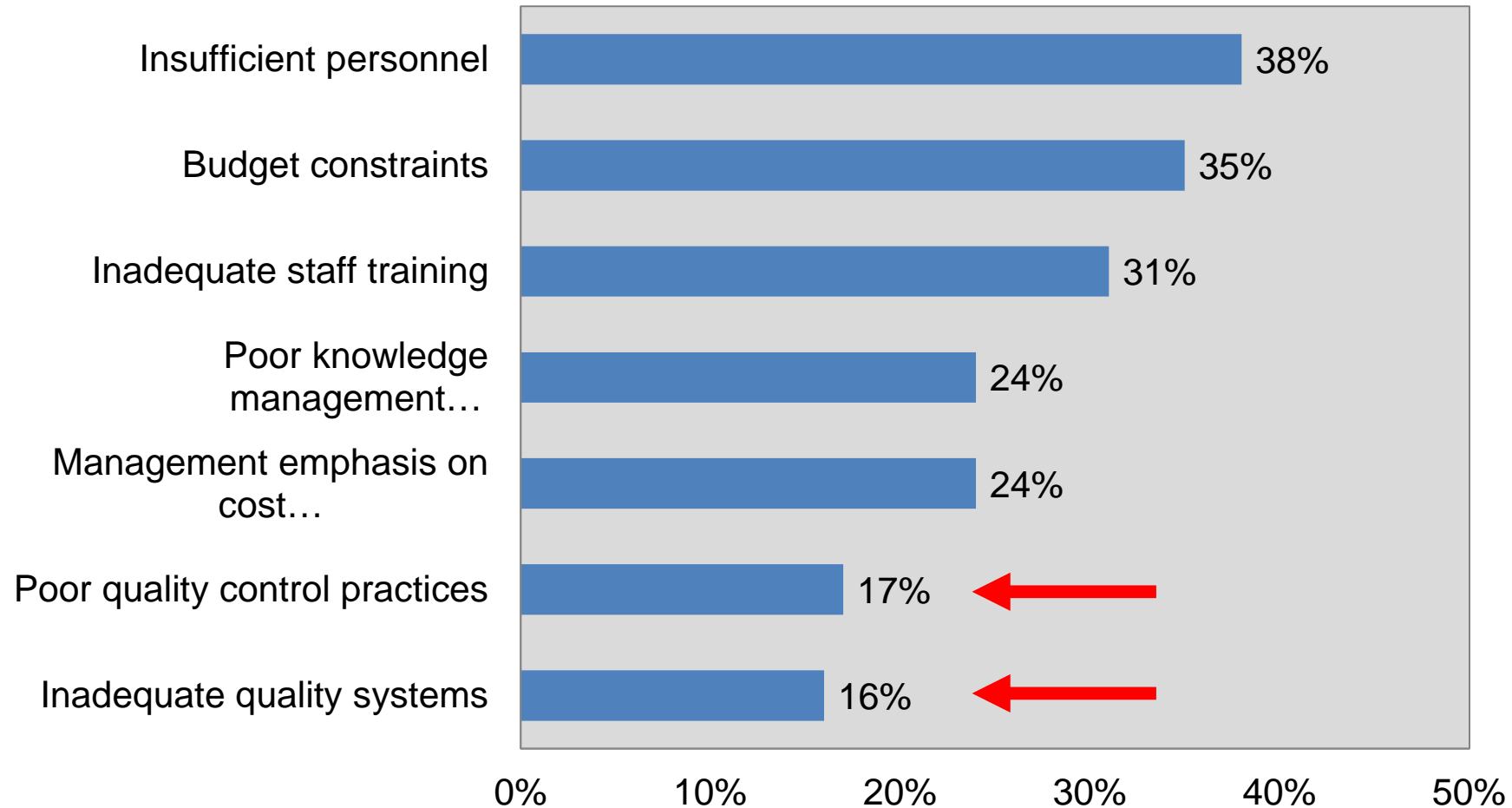
Up to 5 responses allowed

# Source of Quality Problems: Next 5 Responses



Up to 5 responses allowed

# Factors Contributing to Quality Problems: Top Responses



Multiple responses allowed

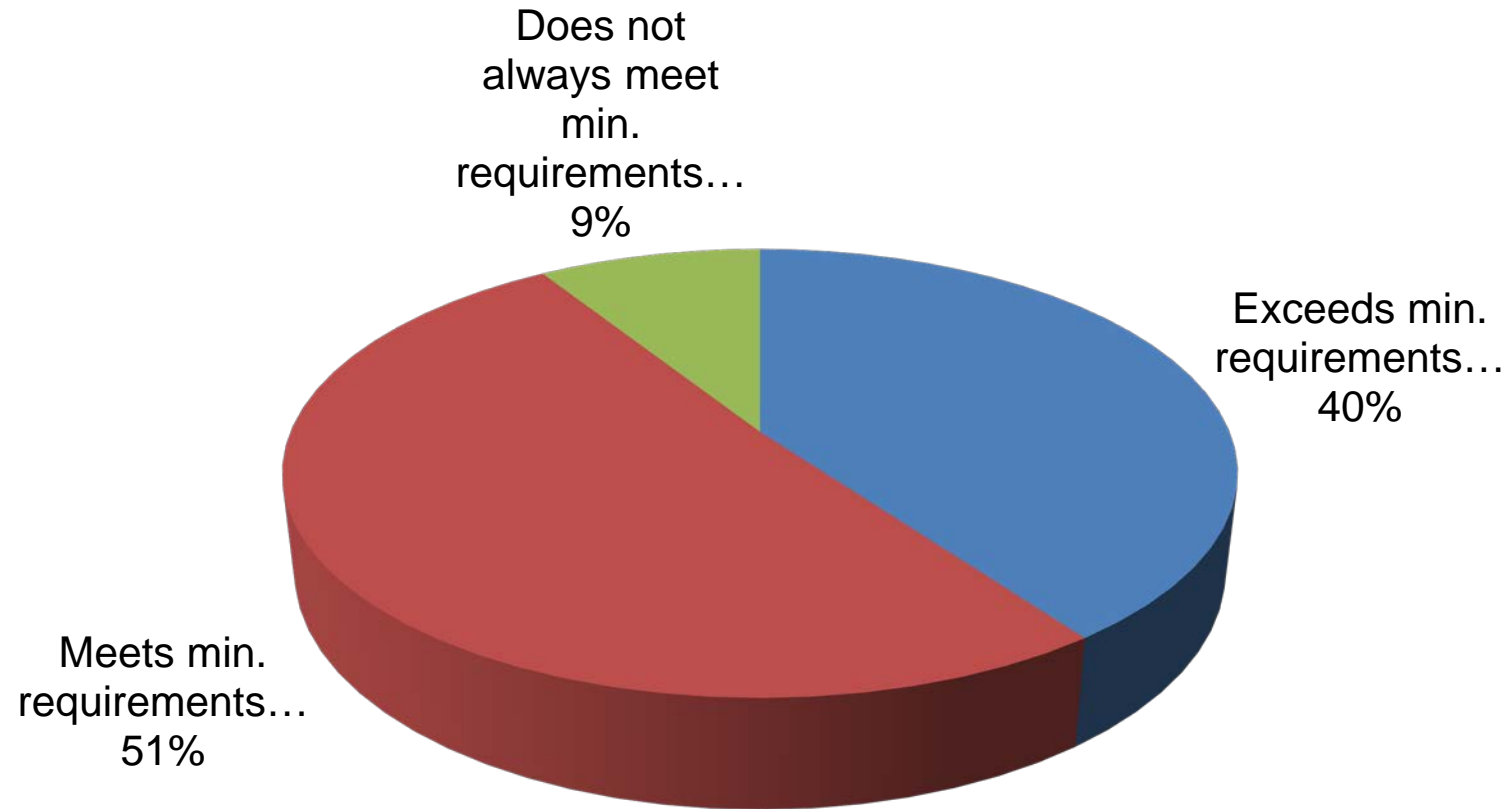
# FDA Quality Observations

- Quality control procedures not in writing or fully followed
- Lack of investigations of batch discrepancies, failures
- Lack of scientifically sound laboratory controls
- No written procedures for production and process controls
- Procedures for sterile drug products not in writing or fully followed

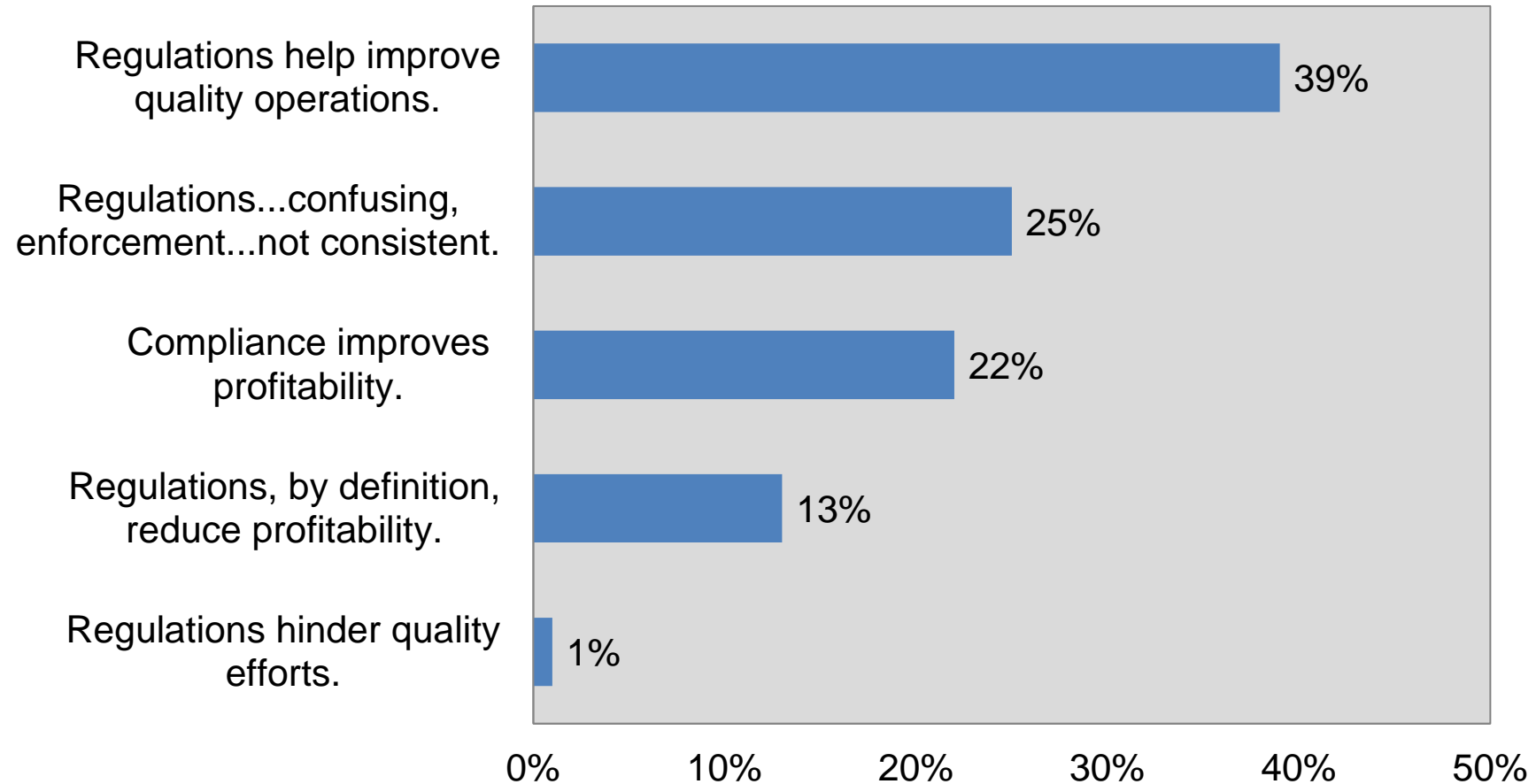
Top 5 Form 483 observations, 2012–2016



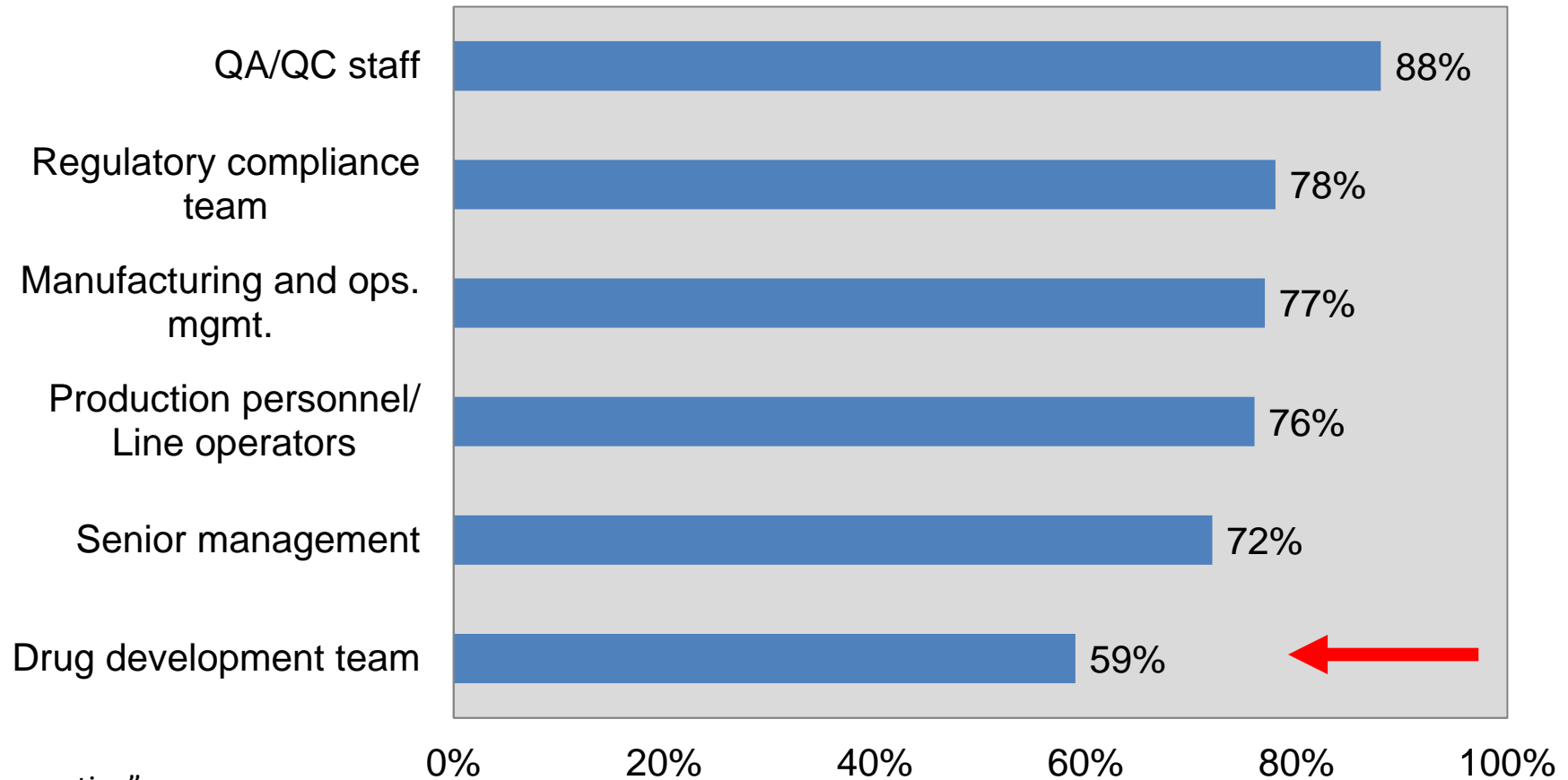
# Company's Quality Management Practices



# Company's Quality Philosophy

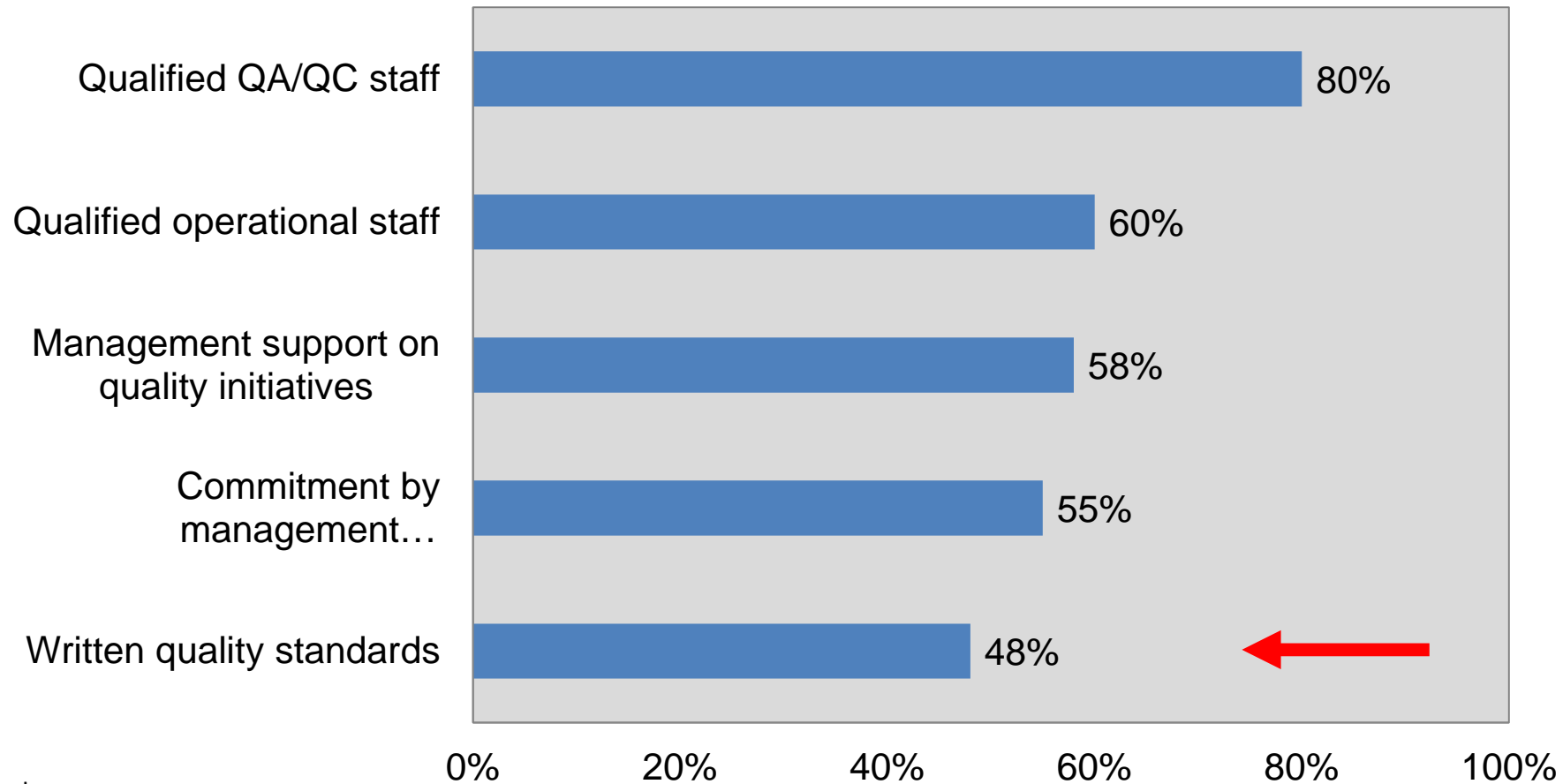


# Who Supports GMP Practices and a Quality Culture?



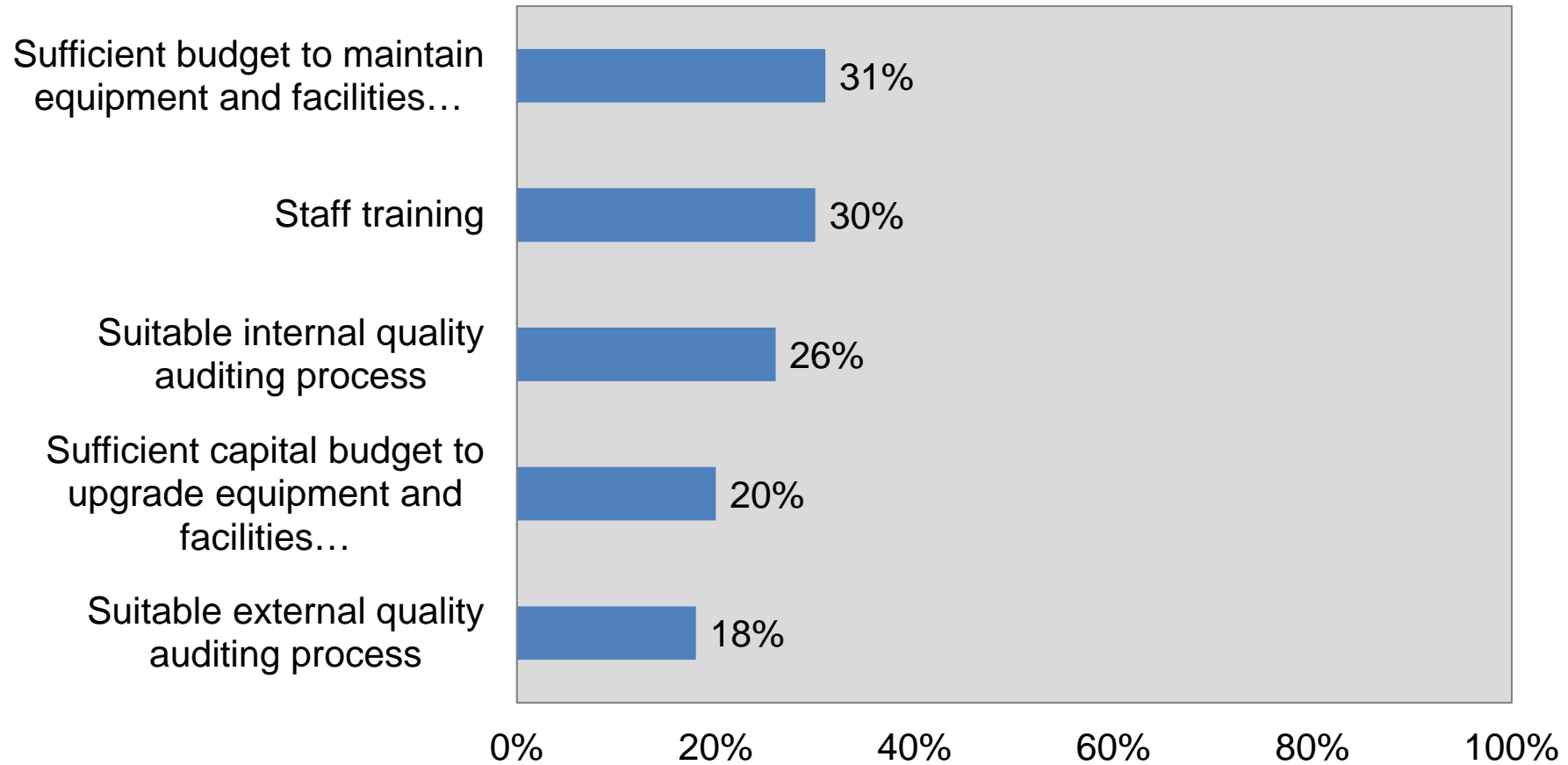
“Supportive or very supportive”

# Most Important Resources Needed: Top Responses



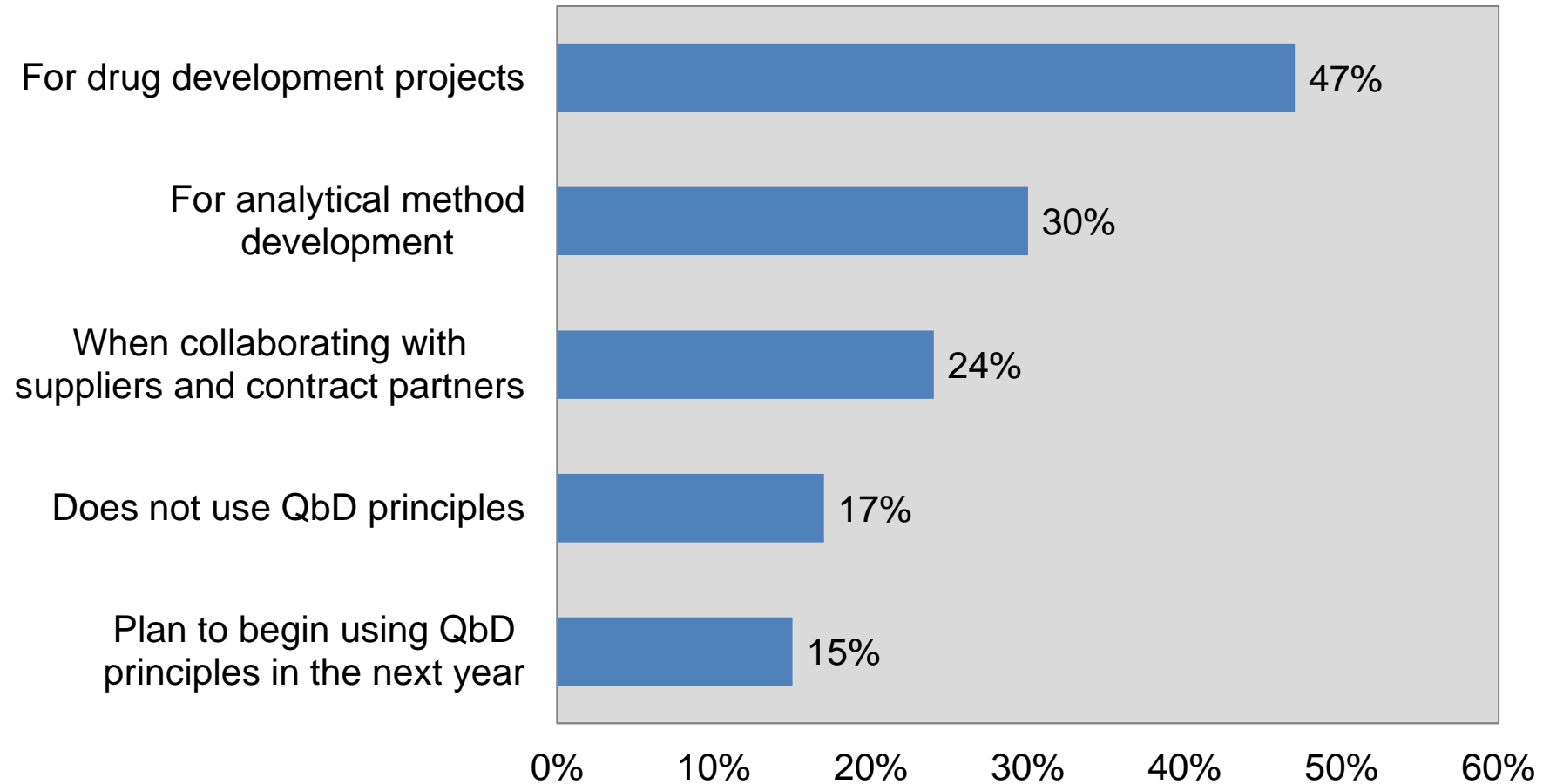
Up to 5 responses allowed

# Most Important Resources Needed: Next 5 Responses



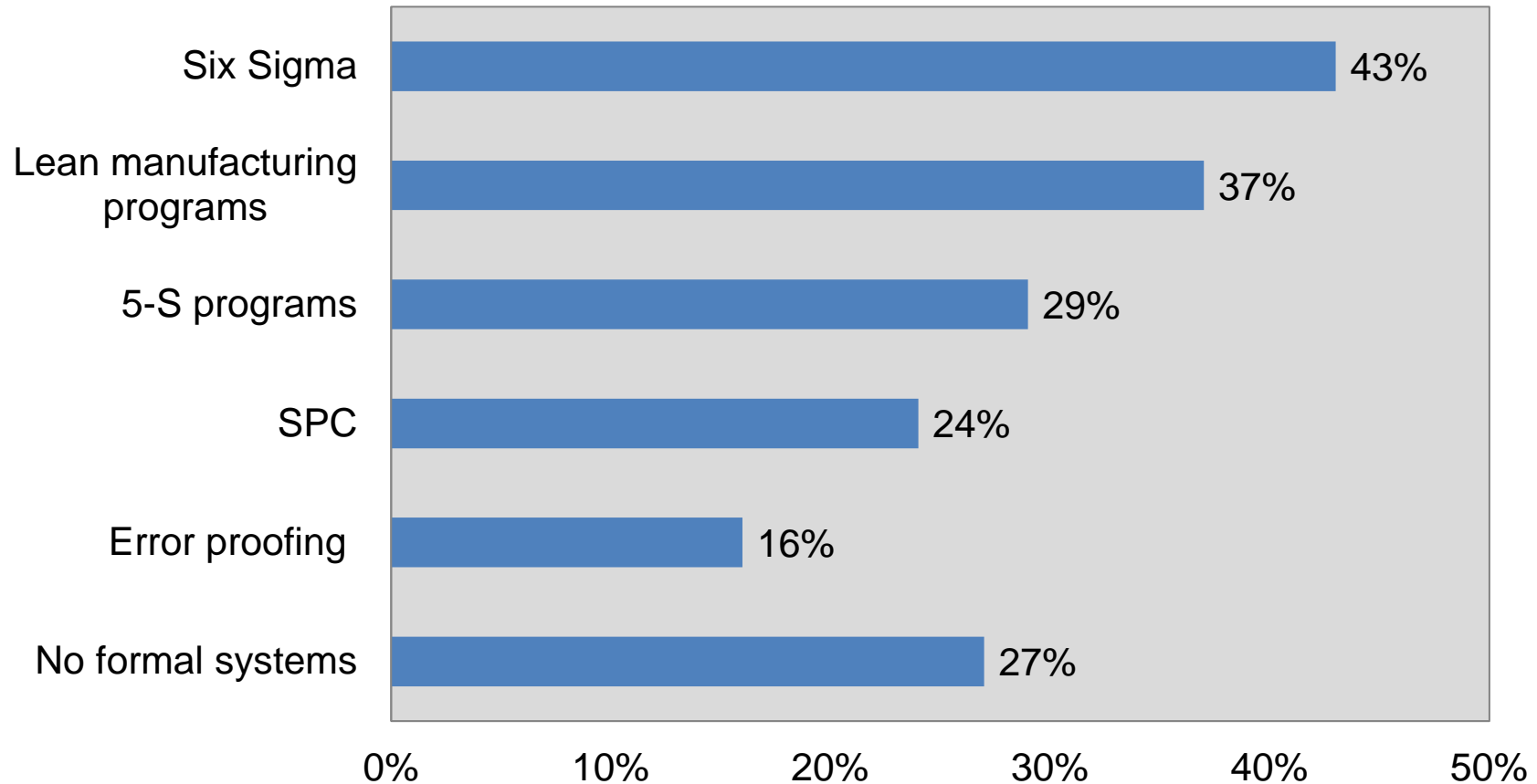
Up to 5 responses allowed

# Applications of Quality by Design



Multiple responses allowed

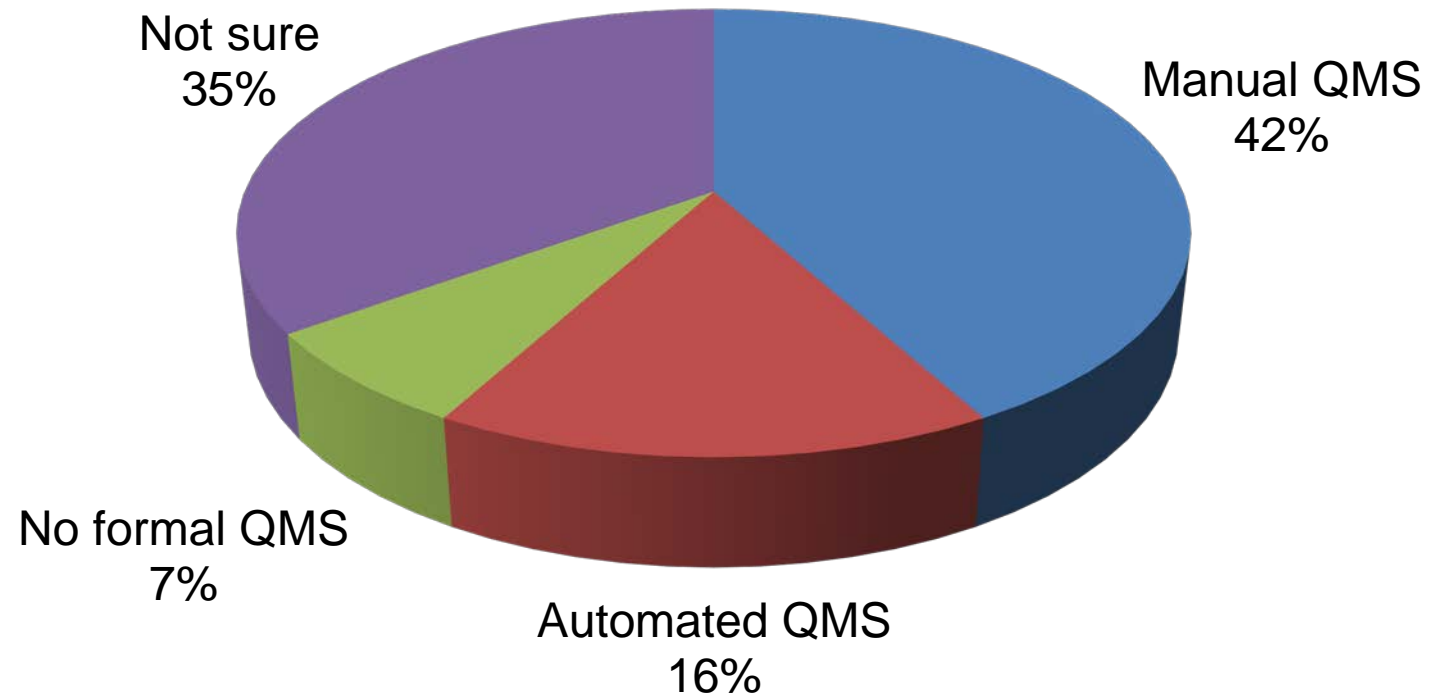
# Formal Quality Systems Used



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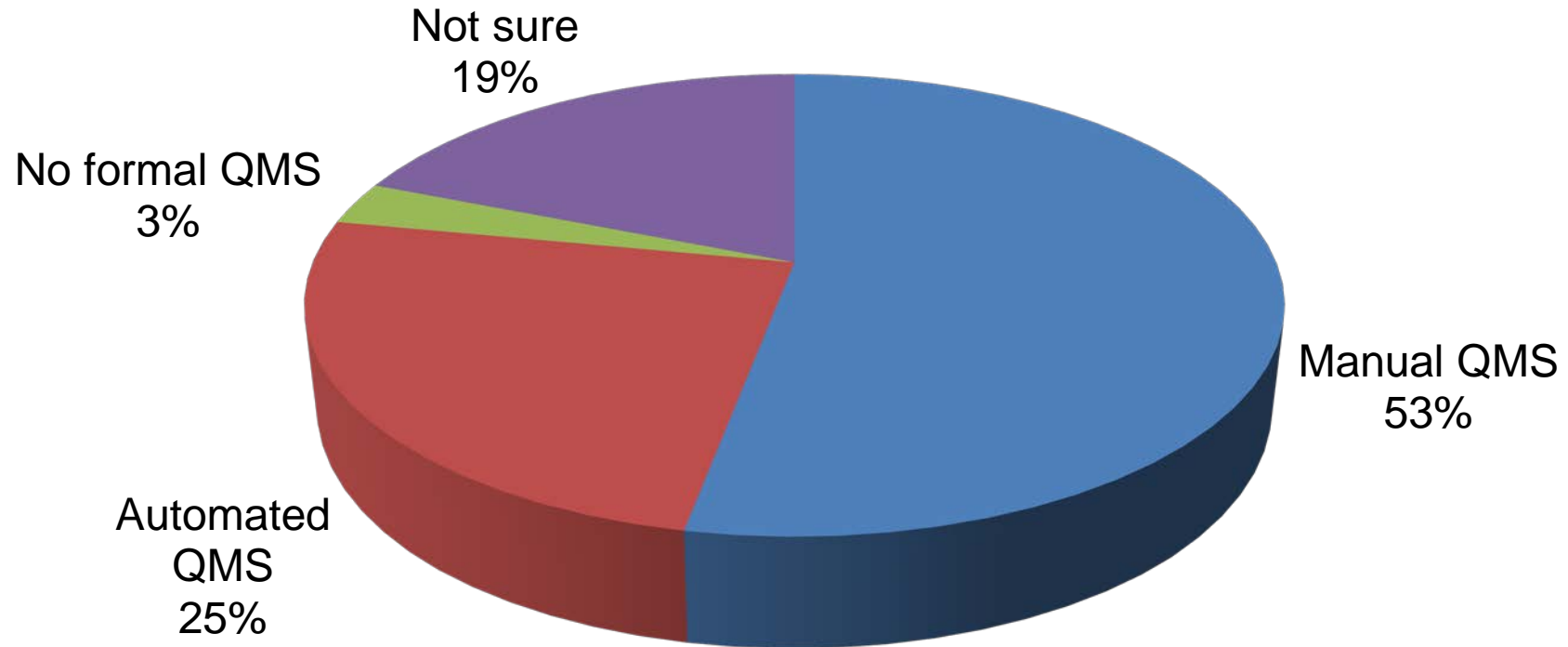
Other responses: Error proofing, ISO 9000, ISO 14001

# Quality Management Systems Used Within Organization





# Quality Management Systems Used With Outside Suppliers



# Quality Practices: Summary

## Best Practices

- Effective, trained quality staff
- Meet or exceed minimum quality requirements

## Areas for Improvement

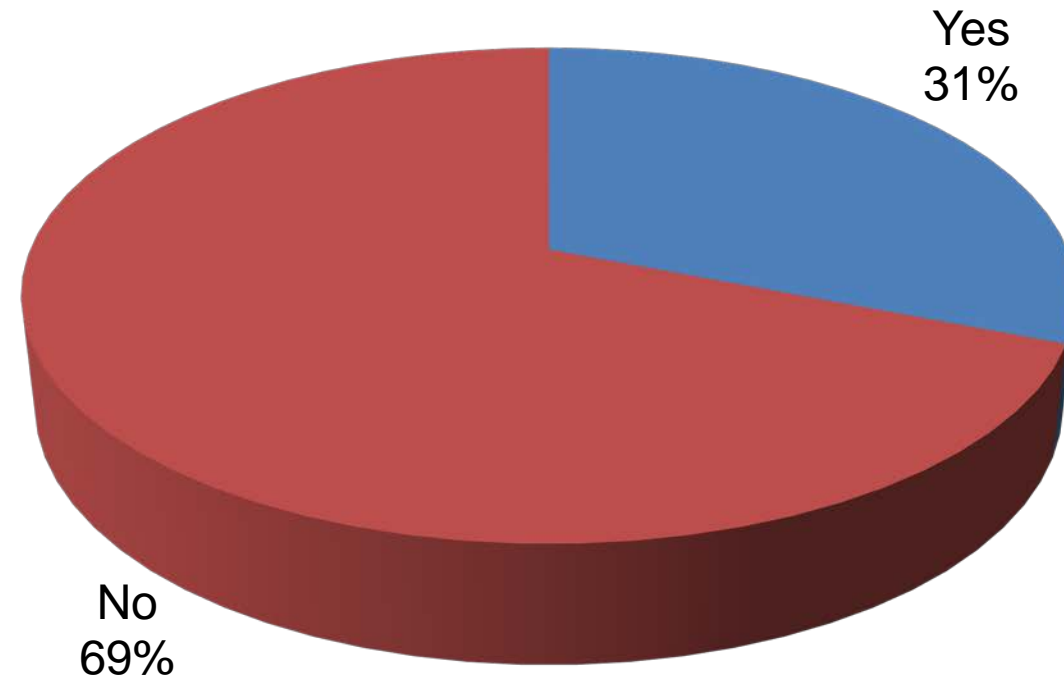
- Place more emphasis on written procedures.
- Consider formal QMS.
- Conduct critical evaluation of quality systems.
- Secure more quality support from drug development team.

# Operations and Manufacturing Processes

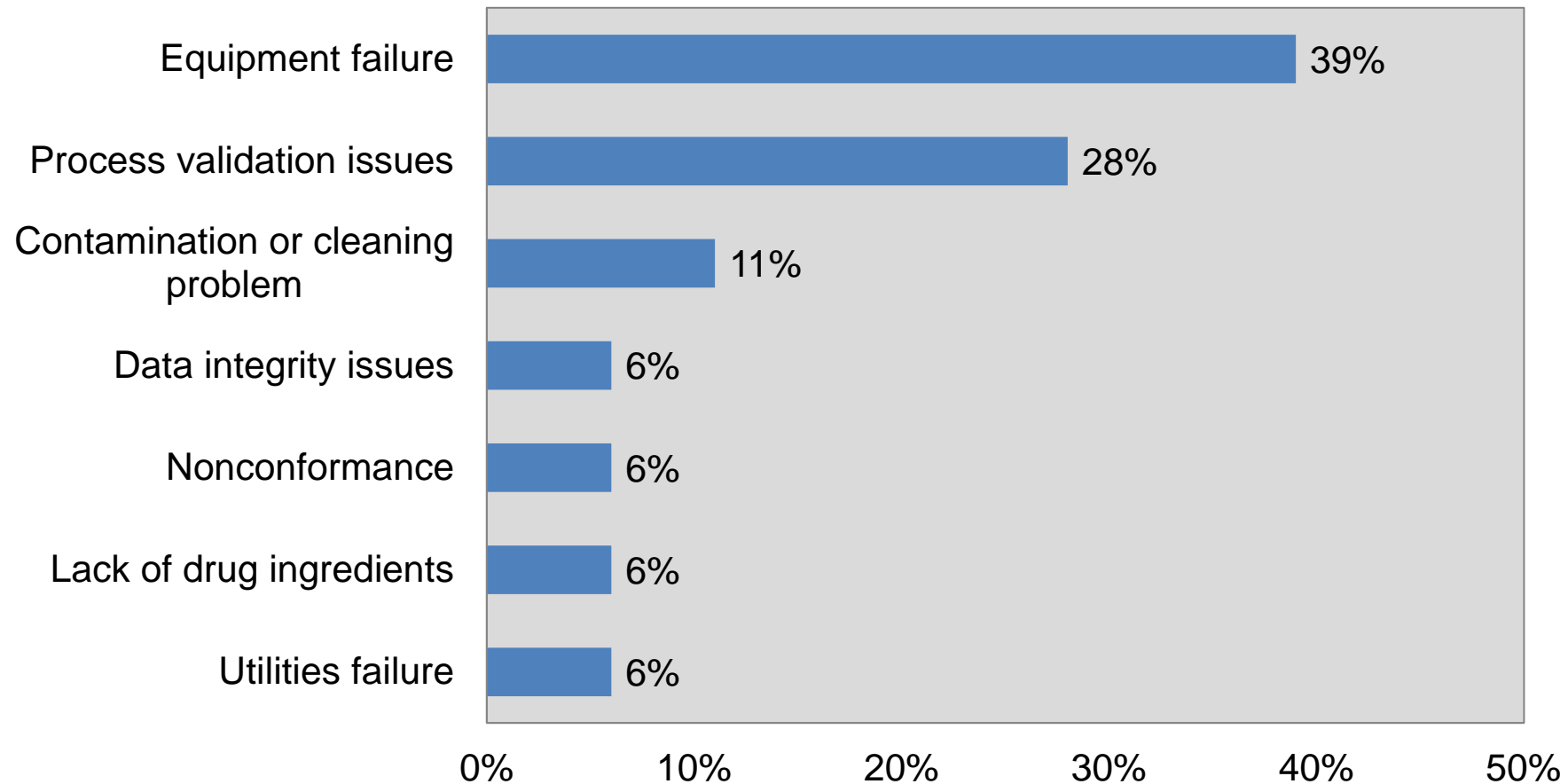
# Operations/Manufacturing

- No systematic approach to equipment maintenance
- General lack of formal equipment maintenance programs
- No formal use of metrics to measure equipment performance
- Focus on preventive maintenance
- No predictive maintenance
- Inadequate use of trend analysis to connect process or product problems with equipment performance
- Analytical test method development is a weak spot in quality control operations.

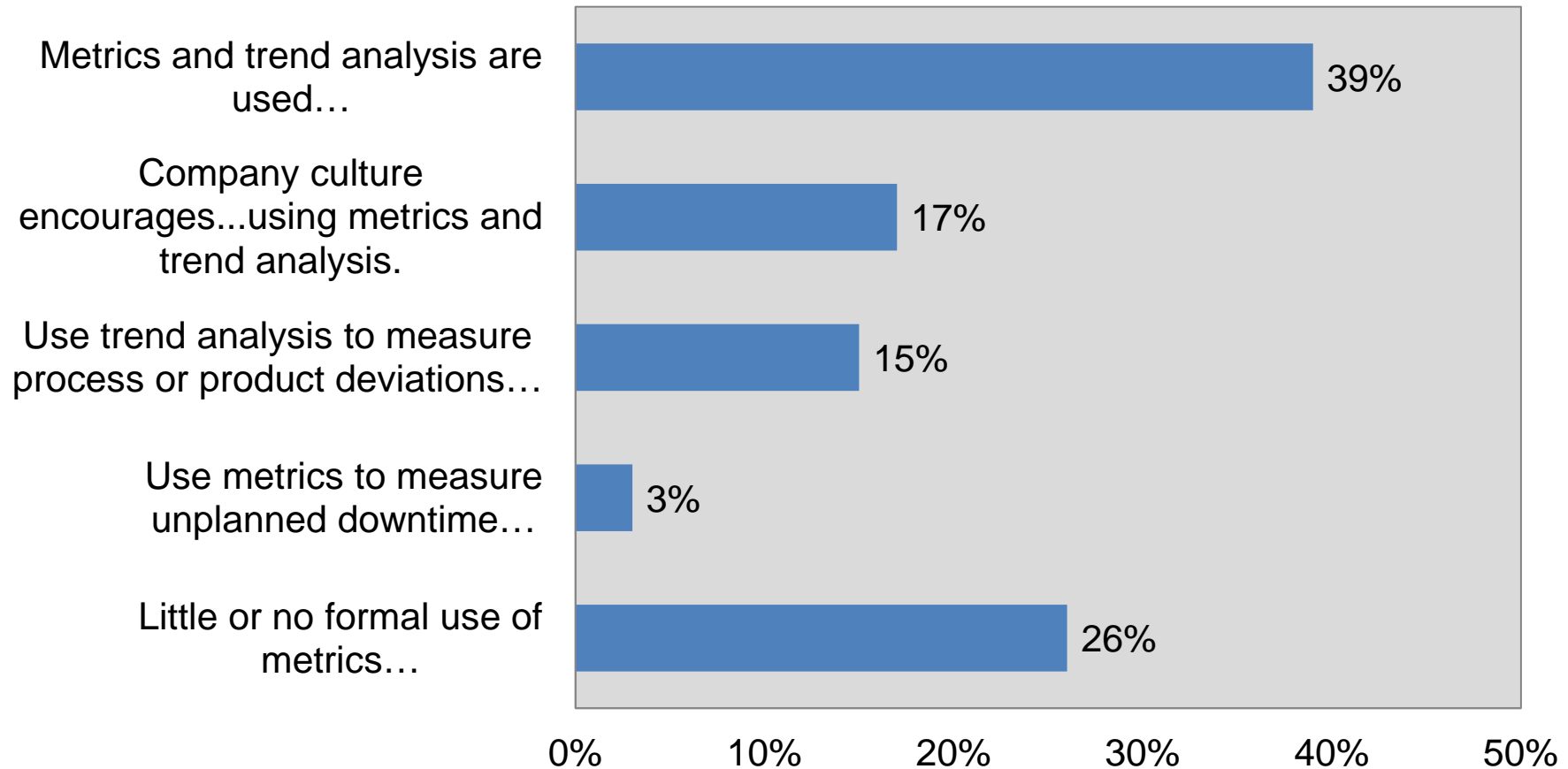
# Experienced Any Significant Production or Process Failures in Past Five Years?



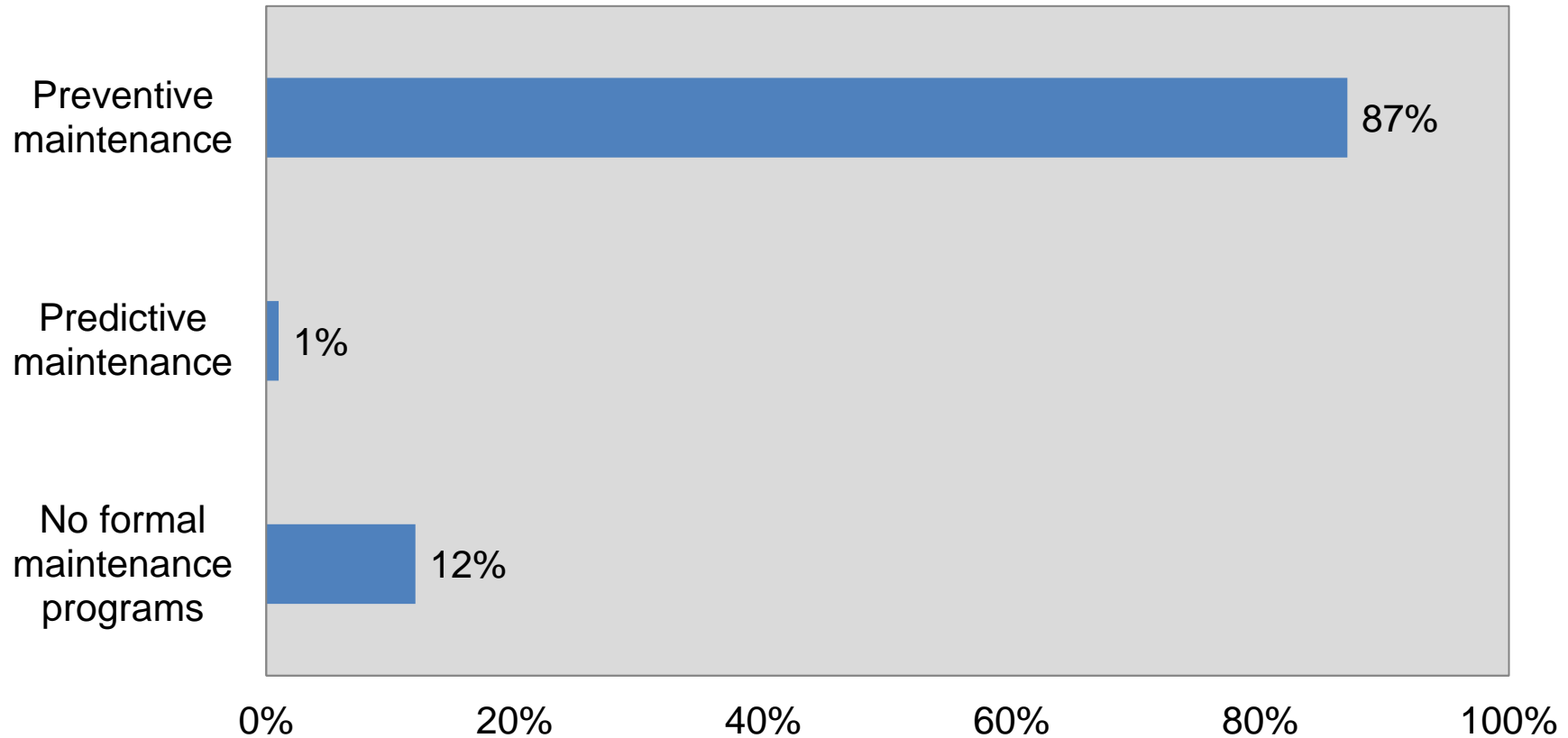
# Root Causes of Product or Process Failures Encountered in Past Five Years



# Use of Metrics to Measure Equipment Performance

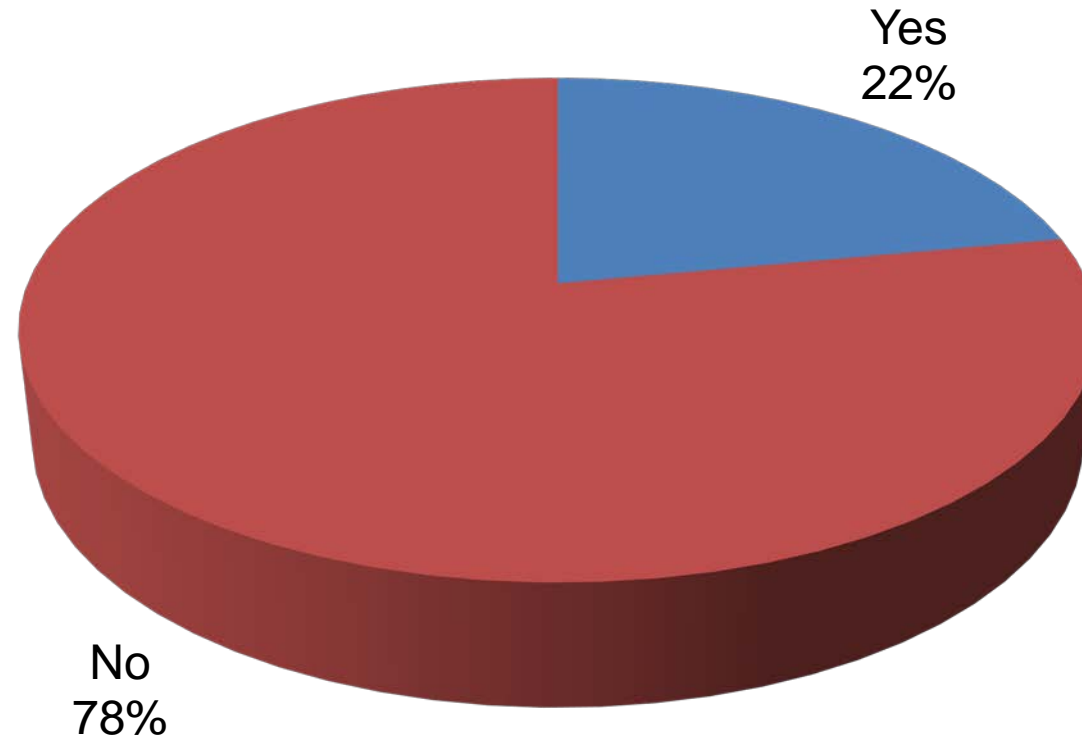


# Types of Maintenance Programs in Place

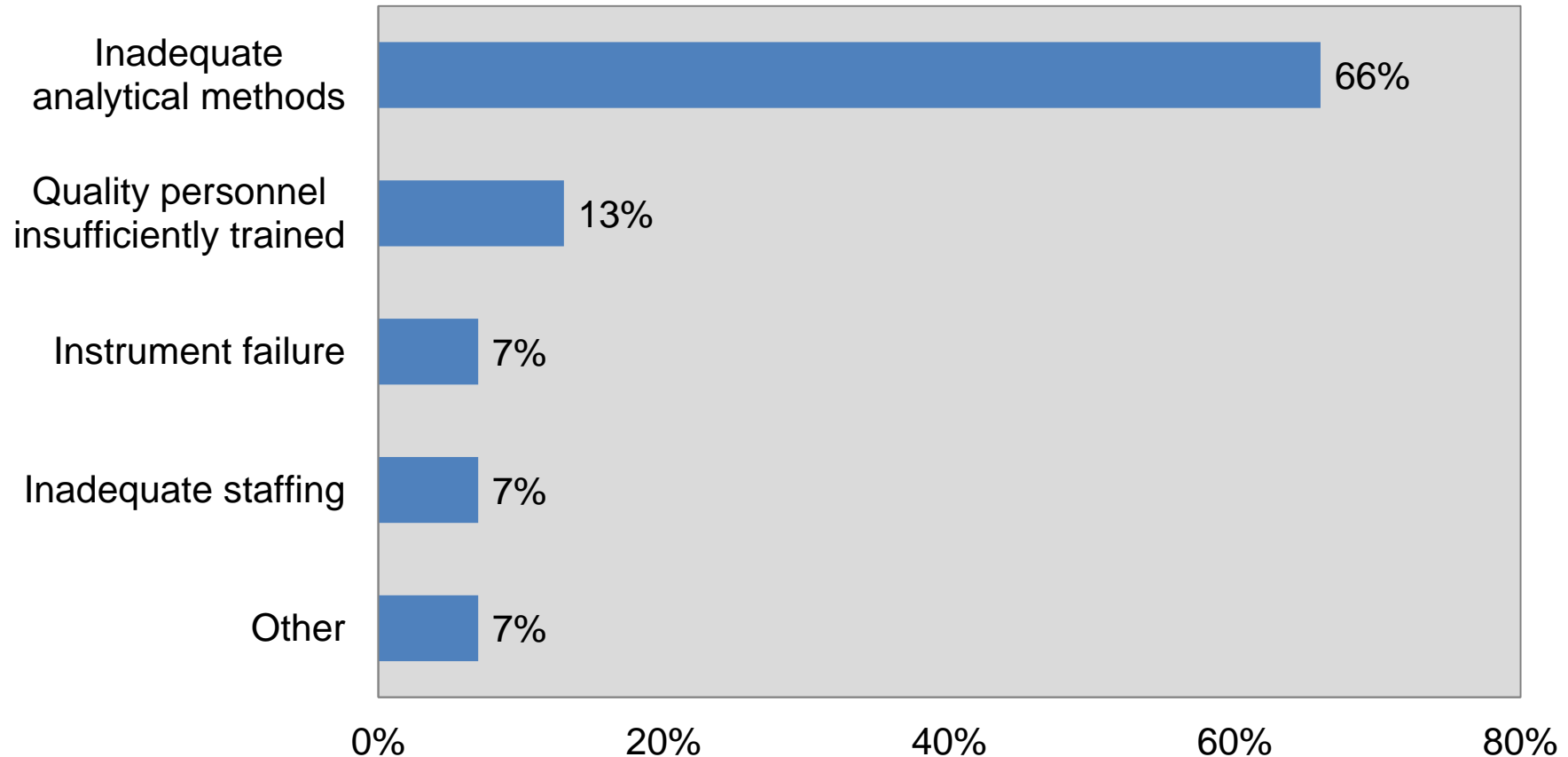




# Experienced Any Significant Problems in QC Department in Past Five Years?



# Root Causes of Significant QC Problems in Past Five Years



# Operations/Manufacturing Summary

## Best Practices

- Preventive maintenance is good

## Areas for Improvement

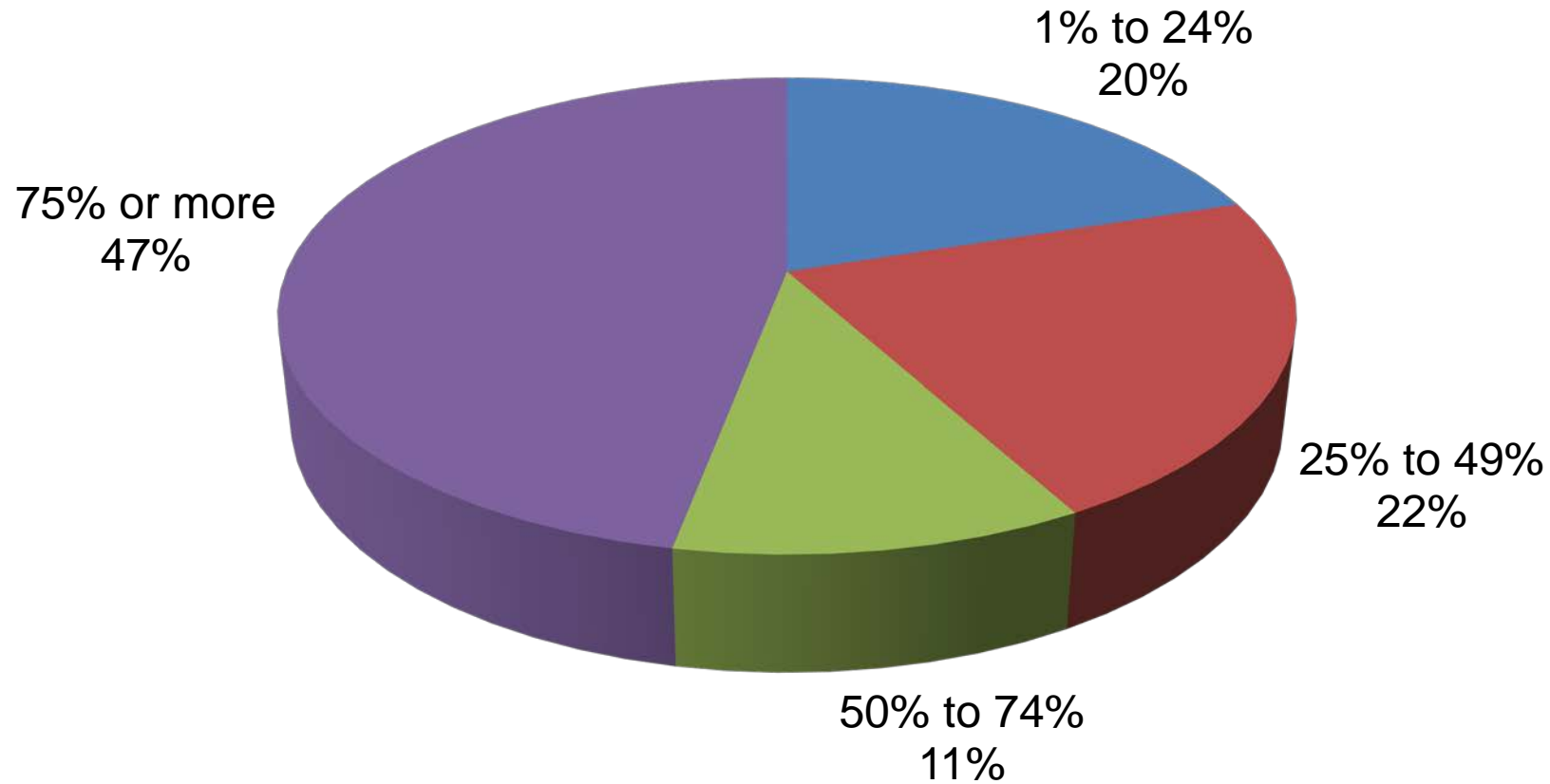
- Need for a systematic and formal approach to equipment maintenance and performance metrics
- More attention to process validation and to cleaning
- More emphasis needed on analytical test method development to prevent downtime
- Use trending analysis to connect plant issues to equipment problems.

# Outsourcing and Supplier Oversight

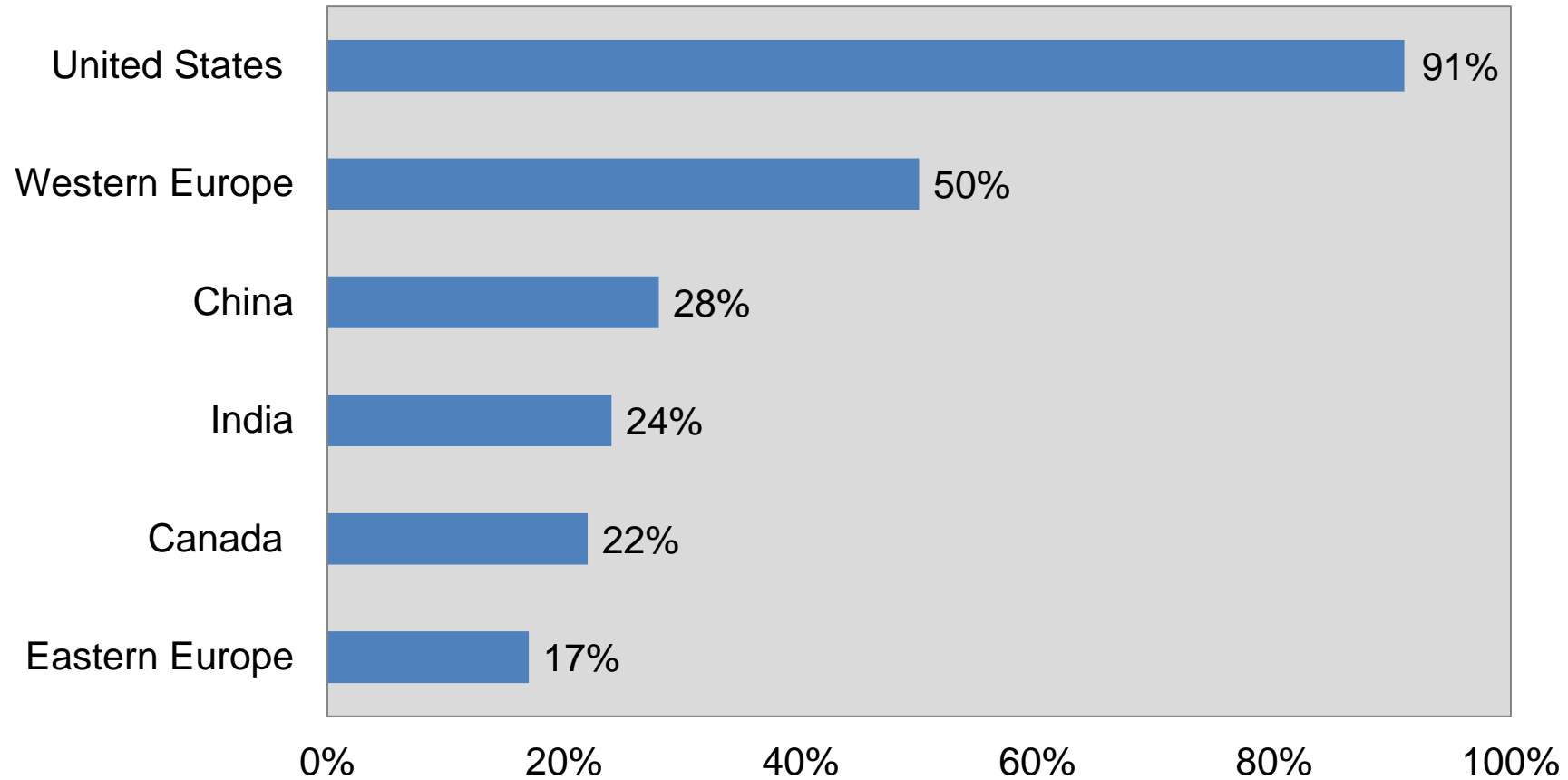
# Outsourcing/Supplier Oversight

- 58% of respondent companies outsource at least half of development and manufacturing tasks.
- Most contract partners are based in the US and Western Europe.
- Most sponsors have experienced problems with a contract partner that led to product quality issues.
- Communication can be a challenge, including the clear delineation of responsibilities.

# Percentage of Company's Drug Development or Manufacturing That is Outsourced

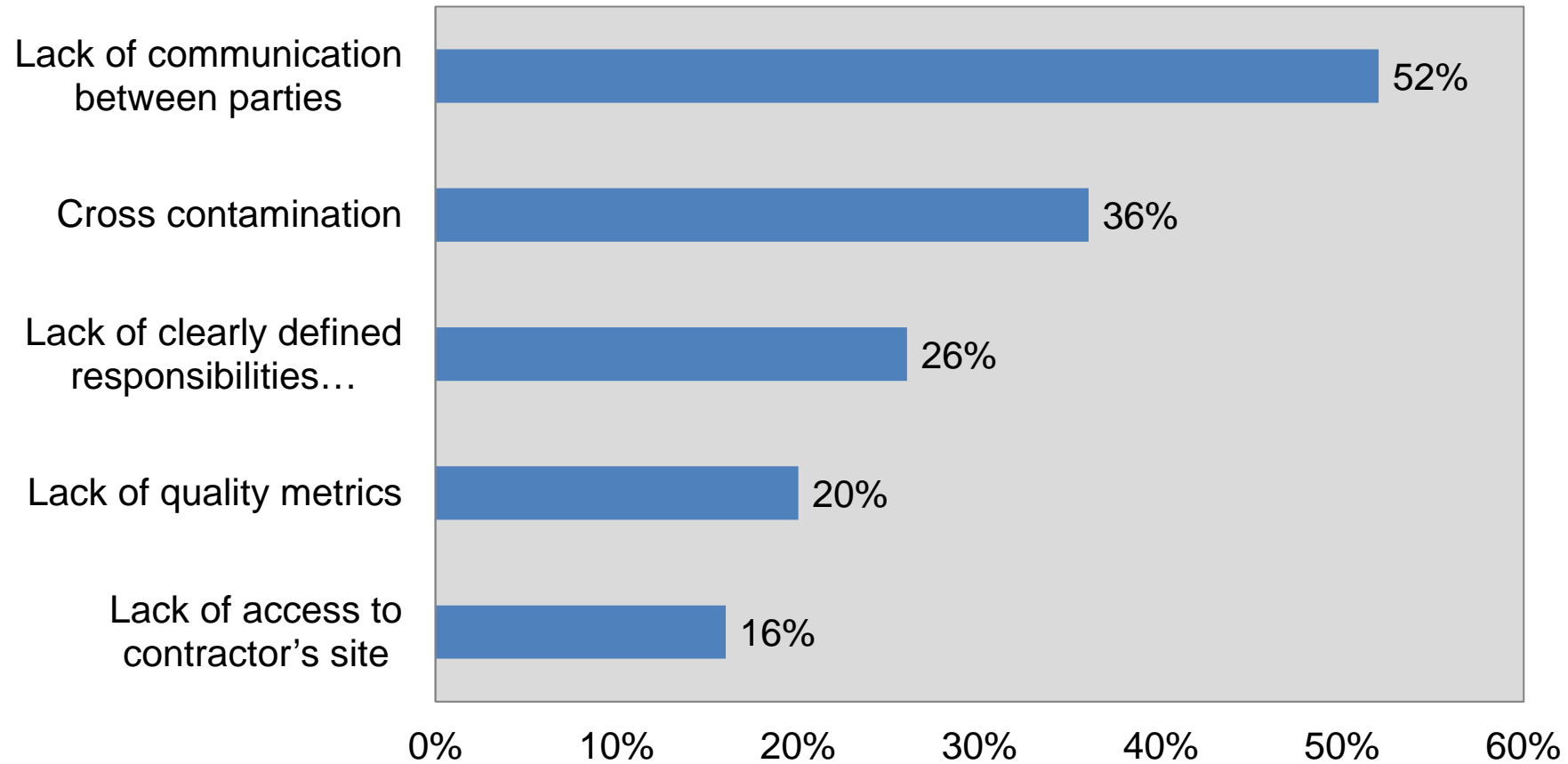


# Geographic Locations of Contract Service Providers: Top Responses



Multiple responses allowed

# Problems Encountered When Working with Contract Service Providers



Multiple responses allowed



# Supplier Oversight

- 71% of respondents have quality agreements with all suppliers/contractors.
- 9% use third-party certifications.

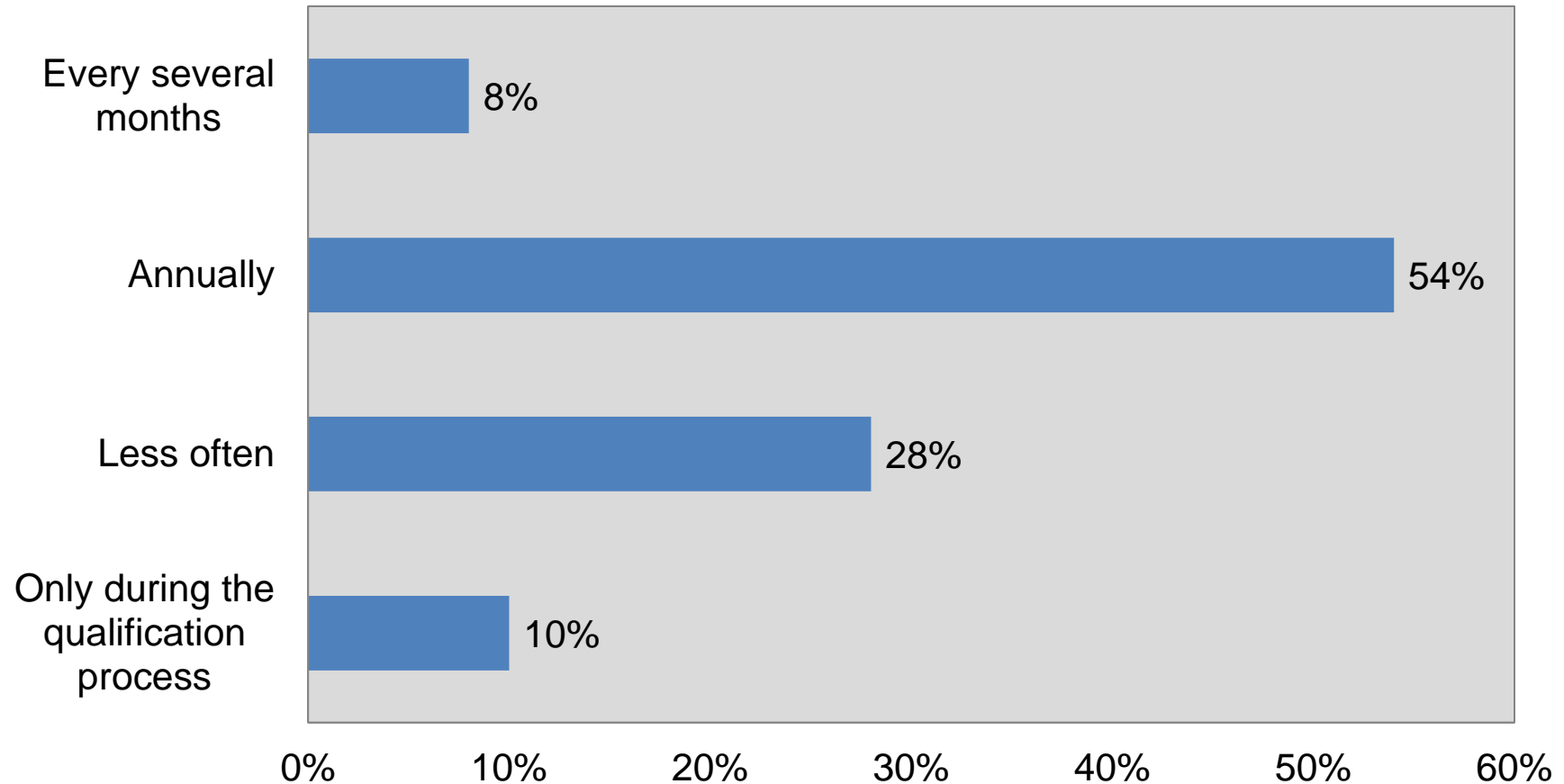
Other responses:

- Conduct audits/inspections themselves
- Conduct mock audits with overseas suppliers
- Use third-parties to conduct audits/inspections
- Have a comprehensive supply-chain risk assessment program

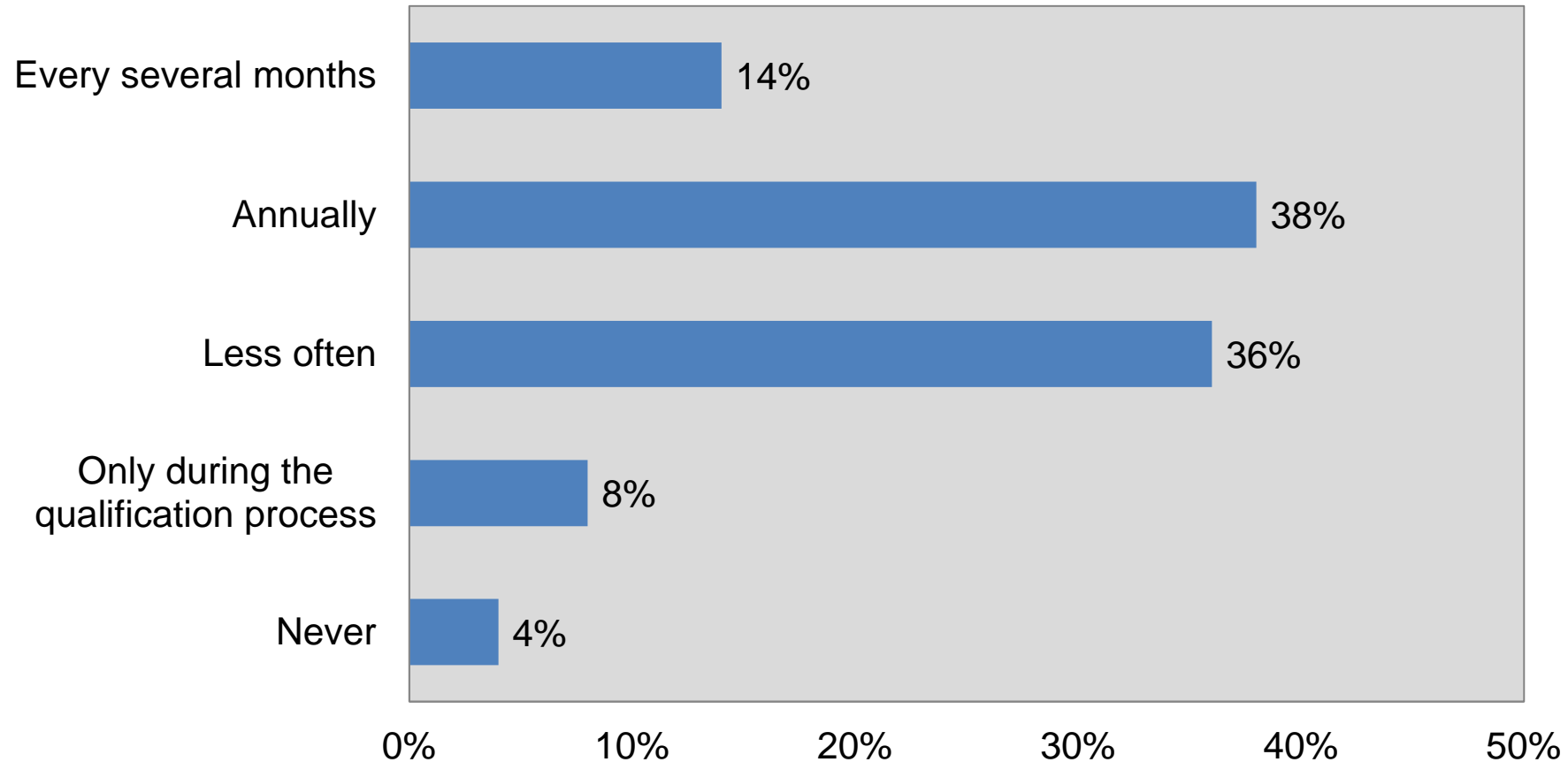
# Supplier Oversight

- Communication with contract partners
  - Weekly: 60%
  - Monthly: 20%
  - Daily: 6%

# Supplier Facility Audits: Onshore



# Supplier Facility Audits: Offshore



# Outsourcing/Supplier Oversight Summary

## Best Practices

- Quality agreements are in place.
- Most companies are performing onshore audits at least annually.

## Areas for Improvement

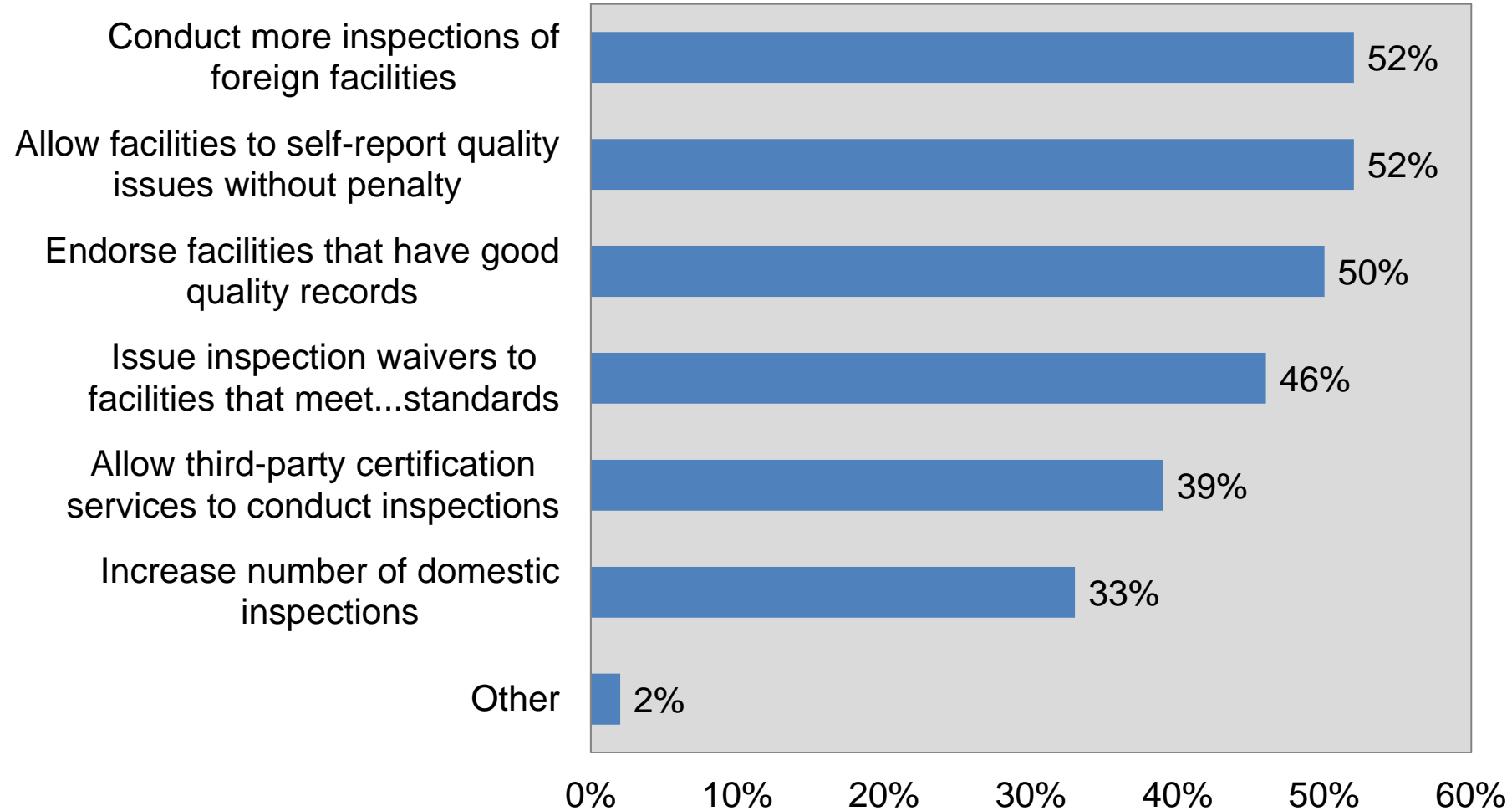
- More audits are needed, particularly offshore.
- Better, more frequent, communications would help prevent misunderstandings.
- Greater clarity is needed in defining responsibilities for both sponsor and service provider.

# Working with Regulatory Authorities

# FDA's Role in Quality Efforts

- Believe that FDA could improve drug quality by inspecting more offshore facilities
- Favor the use of self-reporting and inspection waivers to facilities that meet predefined quality metrics
- Are communicating more frequently with FDA
- Refer to guidance documents, rather than inspection reports, to improve compliance and quality practices
- Rate guidance on data integrity and quality agreements as useful, followed by quality metrics guidance

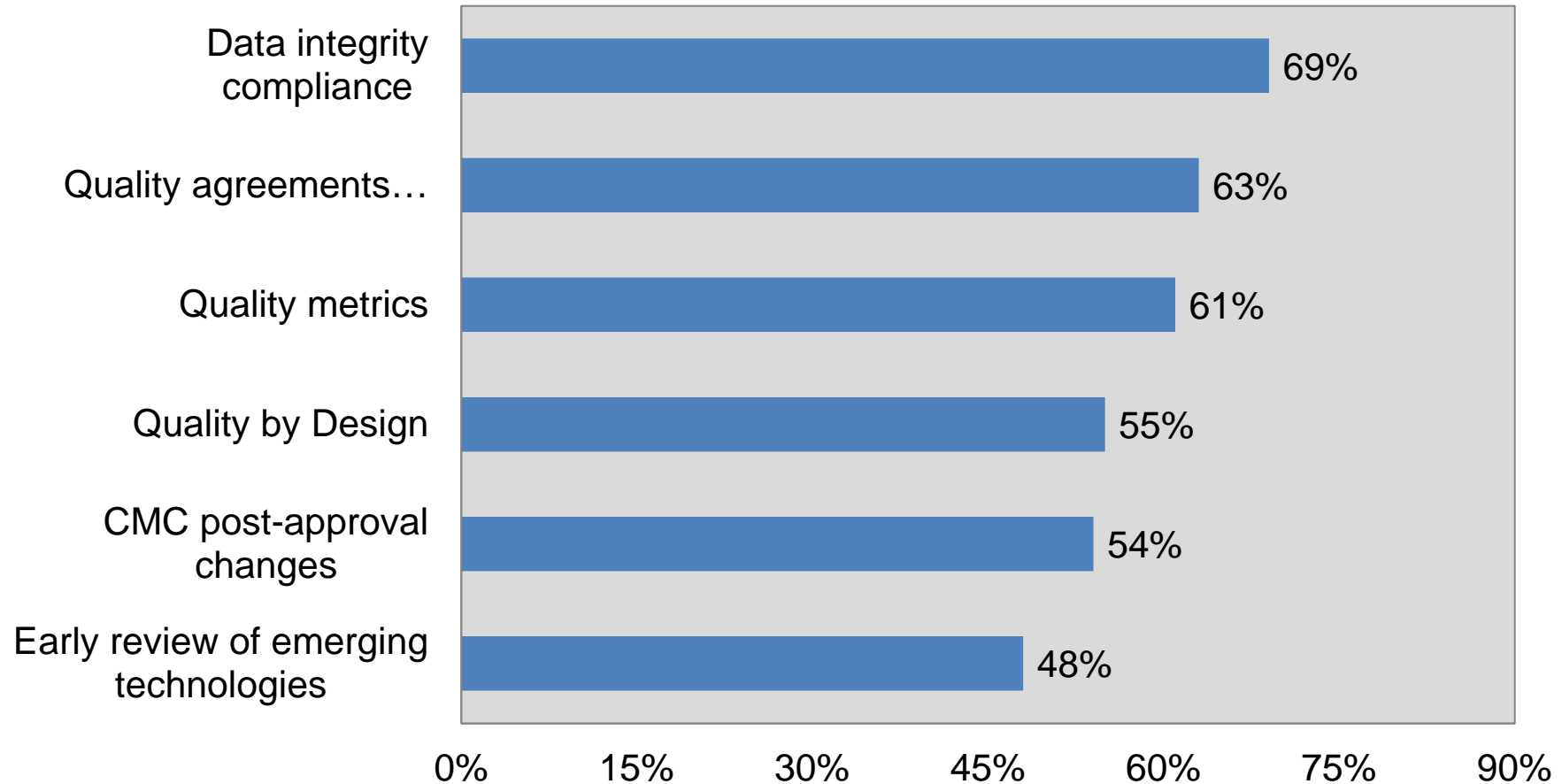
# How Can FDA Improve Drug Quality?



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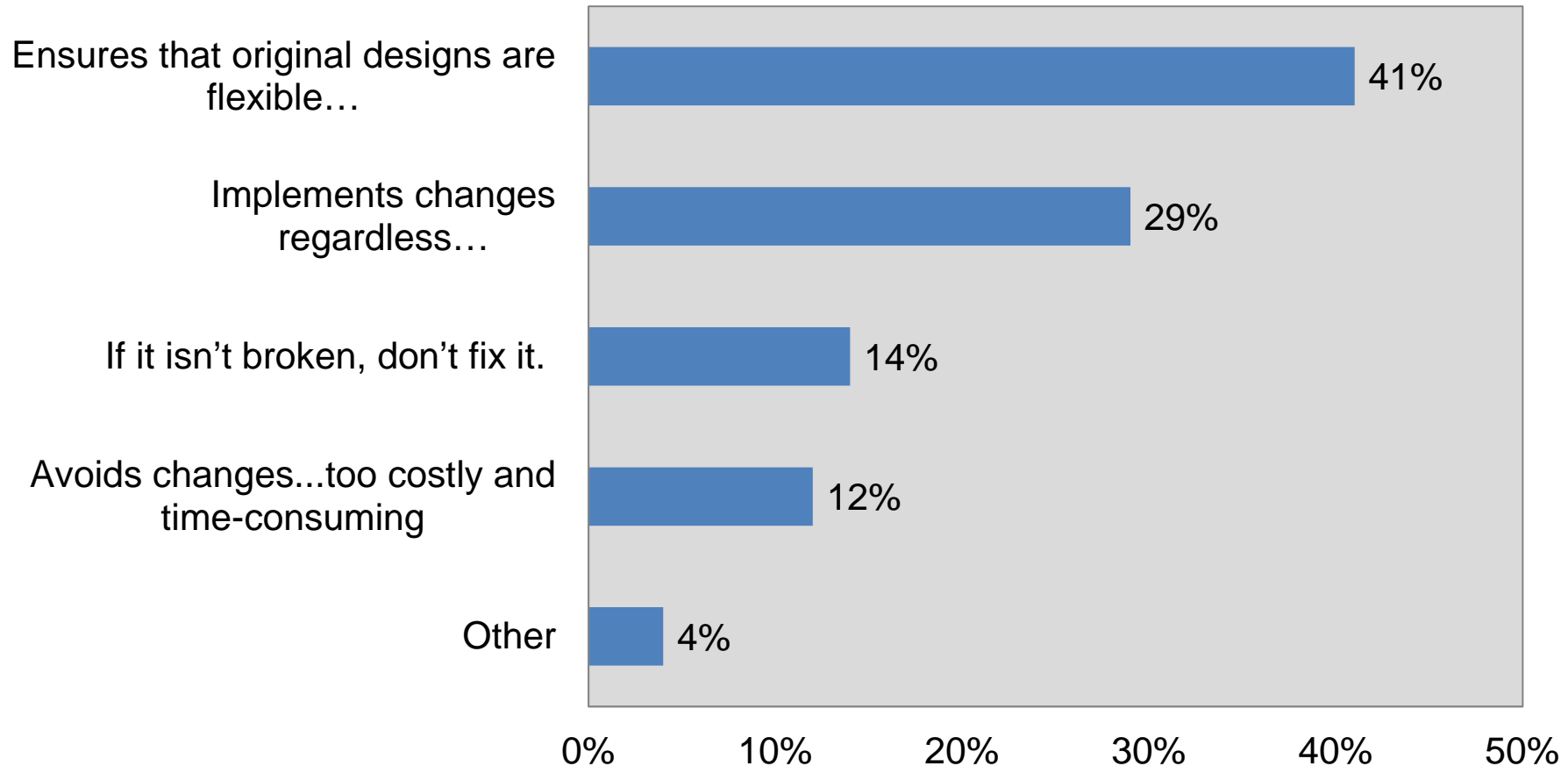


# Usefulness of FDA Guidance and Initiatives



Multiple responses allowed

# Post-Approval Changes: Company Attitudes



# Working with Regulatory Authorities

## Best Practices

- Communication and face-to-face meetings with FDA staff
- Regular consultation of guidance documents

## Areas for Improvement

- Use inspection reports to improve operations.
- Sponsors should employ stricter auditing of offshore suppliers and contract partners.  
(Don't wait for FDA to do it.)
- Greater use of trending and formal approaches to equipment and maintenance, and root cause analysis.

# General Observations

- Importance placed on quality staff members (people focus vs. process or procedural focus)
- Lack of emphasis on written quality standards
- Lack of formal or automated QMS
- Lack of formal maintenance programs
- Inadequate communication with, and limited supervision, of suppliers especially offshore
  - However, expectation is that FDA should audit more suppliers

# Recommendations

- Greater use of inspection reports and not just guidance documents
- Need for metrics and systematic, holistic practices for maintenance, equipment OOS, and quality issues
- Management and development team support of quality systems, practices, and GMPs
- Consider automation, software, etc., to facilitate quality efforts.
- Thorough evaluation of existing quality systems and efforts by internal and external quality experts

# Thank you

Additional survey details will be published by  
*Pharmaceutical Technology* and *BioPharm International*

Summer 2017